## Programme 1

Strategic Objective 1.1	
Provide integrated business solutions	
Performance Indicator no	o 1.1
Indicator title	% increase in Year on Year MPAT total score
Short definition	Calculating in percentage value the year on year difference in the total score achieved by NT for the annual DPME MPAT performance assessment
Purpose/importance	To improve departmental management practices in order to advance an efficient, effective and development – orientated public service
Source/collection of data	NT MPAT results report
Method of calculation	(Previous year MPAT score - Current year MPAT score) X 100 Previous year MPAT score
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Year on year percentage increase in the NT MPAT total score
Indicator responsibility	CD: SPM&E

Performance Indicator no 1.1.1	
Indicator title	Percentage completion of the business continuity strategy
Short definition	Percentage of completion of items, per phase of completion as reflected in the Business Continuity Strategy
Purpose/importance	To enable NT to increase its capability to respond to any existing, emerging or unidentified risks in an effort to achieve operational resilience
Source/collection of data	Business continuity report recording business continuity items completed and reported as a percentage of phase 3, Business continuity items to be completed per phase and as a percentage of the phase to be completed as reflected in the business continuity strategy
Method of	Number of business continuity plans completed x100
calculation	Total number of plans planned
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	30% of Phase 3 of the Business Continuity strategy completed
Indicator responsibility	Chief Risk Officer

Performance Indicator no 1.1.2	
Indicator title	Percentage of Knowledge Management(KM)strategy implemented
Short definition	Retain National Treasury's knowledge assets by harvesting intellectual and institutional memory of employees in the Treasury.
Purpose/importance	Ensure that there is a platform where NT's knowledge assets can be deposited, shared and retained for research and for the development of a learning organisation
Source/collection of data	Knowledge Management Strategy progress status or reports
Method of calculation	Number of Business Units in which the strategy is implemented X 100 Number of Business Units in which the strategy is due to be implemented
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	100% implementation of the Knowledge Management strategy
Indicator responsibility	Director: Knowledge Management

Performance Indicator no 1.1.3	
Indicator title	Percentage of funded positions filled
Short definition	Fill the funded vacant positions to ensure service delivery continuity
Purpose/importance	Ensure that the department is capacitated to achieve its objectives
Source/collection of data	Data is sourced from PERSAL reports
Method of	Total filled position $x100$
calculation	Total funded positions 2100
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Ensure that all funded positions are 100% filled
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Human Resource Management

Performance Indicator no 1.1.4	
Indicator title	Percentage availability of ICT systems achieved
Short definition	Ensure that the ICT solutions and services of the National Treasury are functional and available
Purpose/importance	To enable efficient and effective service delivery.
Source/collection of data	ICT systems availability report
Method of calculation	Time system was available $ au 100$ Time system should have been available
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	ICT systems to be available at all times (100%)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Information and Communication Technology

Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 1.1.5	
Indicator title	Percentage saved on the rand value budgeted for paper usage, travel and Strategic Sourcing	
Short definition	Implementation of cost containment measures relating to paper usage, travel and Strategic Sourcing.	
Purpose/importance	To respond to cost containment measures and ensure maximum value received for funds spent; through strategic sourcing initiatives and other possible techniques.	
Source/collection of data	A schedule of savings achieved	
Method of calculation	Savings achieved $\frac{\text{Cost incurred} + \text{savings achieved}}{\text{Cost incurred}} x 100$	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annually	
New indicator	Yes	
Desired performance	Savings on goods and services	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Financial Officer	

Strategic Objective 1.2	
To ensure good governance and a sound control environment.  Performance Indicator no 1.2	
Indicator title	Produce an Audited Annual Report
Short definition	The annual report reflects the operations, the performance information, the human resources' information and the financial affairs of the department for the financial year
Purpose/importance	To reflect the operations, the performance information, the human resources' information and the financial affairs of the department
Source/collection of data	Audited Annual Report tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Accessible Annual Report
Indicator responsibility	CD: SPM&E

Performance Indicator 1.2.1	
Indicator title	Percentage completion of the approved risk-based IA Plan
Short definition	Conducting the planned assurance and consulting engagements on governance, risk management and control processes, and submit reports to relevant governance structures
Purpose/importance	Assist NT to achieve its strategic goals by evaluating the adequacy and effectiveness of the department's governance, risk management and control processes.
Source/collection of data	Status update of the implementation of the approved risk – based Internal Audit plan submitted to Audit Committee
Method of calculation	$\frac{\text{Number of completed audits}}{\text{Planned audits}} x 100$
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Risk-based internal audit plan implemented 100%
Indicator responsibility	Chief Audit Executive

Performance Indicator 1.2.2	
Indicator title	Produce approved annual strategic risk mitigation plan and quarterly risk implementation assessment reports
Short definition	Manage the Department's risks to an acceptable level through the implementation ERM plan.
Purpose/importance	Minimise the risks associated Department's strategic objectives and its operations to an acceptable level
Source/collection of data	Implementation reports submitted to governance structures, such as the Risk Management Committee
Method of calculation	Simple count of a number of risk mitigation plans and reports.
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Risk strategy implemented 100%
Indicator responsibility	Chief Risk Officer

Performance Indicator 1.2.3	
Indicator title	Number of entities reporting to MoF reviewed quarterly reports submitted for the Minister's consideration
Short definition	Public entities quarterly reports reviewed and submitted to the Minister for his consideration
Purpose/importance	To ensure that public entities are delivering on their mandated objectives
Source/collection of data	Reviewed quarterly reports
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of quarterly reports reviewed
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Review 44 quarterly reports submitted by 11 schedule 3A Public Entities
Indicator responsibility	Director: Public Entities Oversight Unit

Performance Indicator 1.2.4	
Indicator title	Number of vetting forms completed by staff group, submitted to State Security Agency (SSA)
Short definition	Vetting files completed by priority group, and submitted to SSA for evaluation and further processing.
Purpose/importance	To perform background checks on government official in terms of the National Vetting strategy
Source/collection of data	Completed vetting files submitted to SSA
Method of calculation	Simple count of completed vetting files submitted to SSA
Data limitation	No specific limitation
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Vetting of all identified employees
Indicator responsibility	Chief Risk Officer

Strategic Objective 1.3  Provide support for strategic and performance management across the organisation	
Performance Indicator	no 1.3
Indicator title	Produce an APP
Short definition	The APP details the specific performance targets that the institution will aim to achieve in the financial year and the next 5 years in pursuit of strategic outcomes oriented goals and objectives set out in its Strategic Plan.
Purpose/importance	To detail the specific performance targets that the institution will aim to achieve in the financial year
Source/collection of data	APP tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury website
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Accessible APP
Indicator responsibility	CD: SPM&E

## Programme 2

Strategic Objective 2.1  Build economic research capacity in academic research institutions with the objective of promoting relevant research	
Performance Indicato	r no 2.1
Indicator title	Number of research institutions participating in building economic research capacity
Short definition	Promote the participation of research institutions in building economic research capacity
Purpose/importance	Building economic research capacity in academic research institutions with the objective of promoting relevant research
Source/collection of data	Relevant research papers as published by academic research institutions
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Research institutions participating in building economic research capacity
Indicator responsibility	DDG: Economic Policy and DDG: Tax and Financial Sector Policy

Performance Indicator	Performance Indicator no 2.1.1	
Indicator title	Number of papers published in association with academic research institutions.	
Short definition	Research papers published in association with academic research institutions to promote macroeconomic stability, poverty alleviation, retirement reform and financial sector development, or as research need arise.	
Purpose/importance	Promote the development of economic research institutions through the funding of economic research on behalf of the department	
Source/collection of data	Research papers as published by the department in association with research institutions	
Method of calculation	Simple count	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	No	
Desired performance	Achieve at least 80 papers per annum	
Indicator responsibility	DDG: Economic Policy and DDG: Tax and Financial Sector Policy	

Strategic Objective 2.2 Provide policy advice on the financial sector		
Performance Indicator	Performance Indicator 2.2	
Indicator title	Number of policy advice on the financial sector provided	
Short definition	Providing policy advice on the financial sector in relation to the regulatory framework and supporting legislation.	
Purpose/importance	The objective for policy is to make the financial sector safer and to treat customers more fairly and better, and to be more inclusive and have integrity	
Source/collection of data	Evidence of activity related to the implementation of policy, in line with targets specified in the Annual Performance Plan	
Method of calculation	Simple count	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annually	
New indicator	Yes	
Desired performance	Make the financial sector safer and to treat customers more fairly and better, and to be more inclusive and have integrity	
Indicator responsibility	DDG: Tax and Financial Sector Policy	

Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 2.2.1	
Indicator title	Enact Twin Peaks model legislation	
Short definition	"Implementation" here refers to implementing the provisions of the law. The implementation of the Twin Peaks model of financial sector regulation will see the creation of a prudential regulator – the Prudential Authority – housed in the South African Reserve Bank (SARB), and a dedicated market conduct regulator – the Financial Sector Conduct Authority – housed in Financial Service Board (FSB).	
Purpose/importance	The implementation of the Twin Peaks model in South Africa has two fundamental objectives:	
	<ul> <li>to strengthen South Africa's approach to consumer protection and market conduct in financial services, and</li> <li>to create a more resilient and stable financial system.</li> </ul>	
Source/collection of	Government Gazette and issued with a Gazette number on the	
data	government's website.  • Announcement, Tablings and Committees (ATC) document	
	with the same Gazette number	
	Act published on the government website under Acts	
Method of calculation	Simple count (Passed Bill)	
Data limitation	Non-availability of NCOP to pass the bill	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annual	
New indicator	No	
Desired performance	Enacted twin peaks model legislation	
Indicator responsibility	CD: Financial Stability	

Performance Indicator	Performance Indicator no 2.2.2	
Indicator title	Implement savings and retirement policies	
Short definition	Implement regulatory reforms on savings and retirement policies that would lead to increased levels of national savings and enabling legislation. Consensus will either be an agreement to proceed with compulsory annuitisation for provident funds and, therefore, retain the current tax benefit for provident fund members OR consensus could also mean that the tax benefits to provident fund members will be clawed-back in the absence of an agreement to annuitise by provident fund members	
Purpose/importance	To improve the national savings rate through reforms to the legislative framework governing the savings industry, including work being undertaken towards the implementation of retirement reform proposals and ultimately boost South African economy	
Source/collection of data	Evidence of activity related to the implementation of policy, in line with targets specified in the Annual Performance Plan	
Method of calculation	Simple count (consensus achieved)	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annually	
New indicator	No	
Desired performance	Increase in National Savings and percentage increase in retirement funds as reflected in macroeconomic data	
Indicator responsibility	CD: Financial Investments and Savings	

Strategic Objective 2.3 Provide advice and input into tax policy, frameworks and legislation		
Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 2.3	
Indicator title	Number of policy advice into tax policy, frameworks and legislation provided	
Short definition	Provide advice and input into tax policy, frameworks and legislation	
Purpose/importance	To develop a tax administrative system that ensures sustainable growth of the economy and improved environmental sustainability	
Source/collection of data	Advice based on research, tax analysis and tax revenue forecasting published in the annual budget review	
Method of calculation	Simple count	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annually	
New indicator	Yes	
Desired performance	To have a tax administrative system that ensures sustainable growth of the economy and improved environmental sustainability	
Indicator responsibility	CD: Tax Policy	

Performance Indicator no 2.3.1	
Indicator title	Publish tax proposals in annual budget review
Short definition	Tax proposals are proposals to amend, add, remove or effect changes sections to the income tax act or other tax related acts
Purpose/importance	Ensure an effective, equitable and efficient tax policy and tax administration system
Source/collection of data	Tax proposals developed based on research, tax analysis and tax revenue forecasting published in the annual budget review
Method of calculation	Check if tax proposals are included in the annual budget review
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Tax proposals published annually in the Budget Review
Indicator responsibility	CD: Tax Policy

Performance Indicator	Performance Indicator no 2.3.2	
Indicator title	Implement legislation to give effect to tax proposals from the Budget.	
Short definition	Tax legislation in the 2017/18 financial year refers to Rates and Monetary Amounts Amendment Bill, Taxation Laws Amendment Bill and Carbon Tax Bill to enable proposals from the budget review and speech to be implemented by the State.	
Purpose/importance	To ensure that tax proposals from the budget are implemented in order to derive the benefits envisaged or close gaps identified.	
Source/collection of data	New legislations introduced	
Method of calculation	Simple count	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annually	
New indicator	No	
Desired performance	Implement legislations	
Indicator responsibility	CD: Tax Policy	

Strategic Objective 2.4 Provide input into economic policy and frameworks	
Performance Indicator	no 2.4
Indicator title	Number of inputs into economic policy and framework
Short definition	Provide input into economic policy and frameworks
Purpose/importance	Providing advice on macro and microeconomic policy, macroeconomic projections and modelling, monetary policy framework and economic sector strategies
Source/collection of data	Reports on exchange rate, monetary policy and macroeconomic framework
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitation	Changes in economic environment not communicated timeously, resulting in delays to updating corresponding economic model, Quality of data
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Sound economic policy and frameworks
Indicator responsibility	DDG: Economic policy

Performance Indicator	Performance Indicator no 2.4.1	
Indicator title	Number of economic models maintained (Models reflect the most recent economic environment)	
Short definition	Maintain and update all economic models that facilitate policy making as and when changes in policy occur	
Purpose/importance	Ensure that economic models are up to date and reflect the current economic environment	
Source/collection of data	Updated economic models	
Method of calculation	Simple count	
Data limitation	Changes in economic environment not communicated timeously, resulting in delays to updating corresponding economic model	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	No	
Desired performance	To update economic models with changes affecting their accuracy/relevance	
Indicator responsibility	Economic Policy	

Performance Indicator no 2.4.2	
Indicator title	Number of economic forecasts produced
Short definition	Build high quality comprehensive macroeconomic analysis and forecasts based on scenario modelling tools
Purpose/importance	Detailed and comprehensive economic models inform economic policy, and highlight areas where amendments or reforms to legislation are necessary
Source/collection of data	Developed quarterly economic forecast
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Develop quarterly economic forecasts
Indicator responsibility	Economic Policy

Performance Indicator no 2.4.3	
Indicator title	Chapter 2 of the MTBPS and Budget Review published
Short definition	Publish the global and South Africa's economic overview in the MTBPS and Budget Review
Purpose/importance	To reflect on South Africa's past economic growth and to estimate the future growth in reference to Gross Domestic Product (GDP).
Source/collection of data	Published economic overview/outlook chapter in the MTBPS and Budget Review
Method of calculation	None – The economic overview/outlook chapter will be reflected in the MTBPS and Budget Review
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Publish economic overview/outlook chapter in the MTBPS and Budget Review
Indicator responsibility	Modelling and Forecasting

Performance Indicator no 2.4.4	
Indicator title	Percentage response to user requests to develop new economic models
Short definition	An economic model is a simplified description of reality, designed to yield hypotheses about economic behaviour that can be tested. Economic models are developed to facilitate policy making as and when changes in policy occur.
Purpose/importance	Economic models are used to forecast economic activities, propose economic policy or politically justify economic policy.
Source/collection of data	Developed economic models
Method of calculation	Number of user requests responded to $\frac{1}{2}$ Total number of user of requests received
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Develop economic models that will simplify economic reality or environment through economic policies
Indicator responsibility	Economic Policy

Performance Indicator	Performance Indicator no 2.4.5	
Indicator title	Percentage response to users requests for economic research and policy analysis, and assessments of government policy proposals	
Short definition	Assess and provide advice on policy proposals and economic policy analysis to internal and external stakeholders	
Purpose/importance	To provide macroeconomic analysis on critical issues affecting monetary policy, economic growth, investment and job creation in order to inform the Ministry of Finance, NT and engagements with the Economic Cluster	
Source/collection of data	Reports on exchange rate, monetary policy and macroeconomic framework	
Method of calculation	Number of users' requests responded to Total number of users' requests received $x100$	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	Revised	
Desired performance	Conduct economic analysis, research, assessment and advice on macroeconomics policy proposals	
Indicator responsibility	Economic policy	

Performance Indicator	no 2.4.6
Indicator title	Percentage response to user requests for policy and scenario modelling
Short definition	These are alternative forecasts which highlight the likely direction of the economy if some of the assumption do not materialise. 2 scenarios accompany each forecast
Purpose/importance	They highlight the risks to the domestic economy and thus inform the fiscal framework
Source/collection of data	Quarterly Forecast Model
Method of calculation	Number of user requests responded to Total number of user requests received x100
Data limitation	Quality of data
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Achieve target
Indicator responsibility	Modelling and Forecasting

Performance Indicator no 2.4.7	
Indicator title	Percentage response to user requests for commentaries on economic data
Short definition	These are requests received to analyse and provide insight into local and global economic data and could include the impact of this on South Africa.
Purpose/importance	They highlight the risks to the domestic economy and thus inform the fiscal framework
Source/collection of data	Quarterly commentaries
Method of calculation	$\frac{\text{Number of user requests responded to}}{\text{Total number of user requests received}} x 100$
Data limitation	Quality of data
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Achieve target
Indicator responsibility	Modelling and Forecasting

## Programme 3

Strategic Objective 3.1  Developing and Implementing South Africa's Fiscal Policy and related framework	
Performance Indicator	no 3.1
Indicator title	South Africa's fiscal policy and related frameworks authorised
Short definition	The fiscal framework sets aggregate national spending and revenue
Purpose/importance	Shows the sustainability of fiscal policy and underpins the budget process. Fiscal framework set to ensure debt sustainability and published twice a year according to legal requirement.
Source/collection of data	National Treasury databases managed by Budget Office
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitation	No specific limitations
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Tabling and publication must occur in line with predetermined timelines
Indicator responsibility	Budget Office: Deputy Director General

Performance Indicator	no 3.1.1
Indicator title	Difference between the expenditure tabled for the MTEF years within the expenditure ceiling in MTBPS and the expenditure ceiling tabled for the MTEF years in the February budget
Short definition	This is the difference between the MTEF main budget expenditure ceiling target announced in the February budget and the revised expenditure ceiling announced in October, or influenced by any supplementary appropriation bill.
Purpose/importance	This performance measure indicates whether government remains within the targeted expenditure ceiling announced
Source/collection of data	National Treasury databases managed by the Expenditure Planning and Fiscal Policy units
Method of calculation	= MTEF main budget expenditure ceiling tabled in February minus MTEF main budget expenditure ceiling tabled in October, or as adjusted thereafter in an appropriation bill
Data limitation	No specific limitations
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	No
Desired performance	The revised MTEF main budget expenditure ceiling target announced in October or thereafter, should be equal to or less than the target announced in the February budget
Indicator responsibility	Budget Office: Deputy Director General

Performance Indicator no 3.1.2	
Indicator title	Number of fiscal frameworks provided
Short definition	The fiscal framework sets aggregate national spending and revenue
Purpose/importance	Shows the sustainability of fiscal policy and underpins the budget process. Fiscal framework set to ensure debt sustainability and published twice a year according to legal requirement.
Source/collection of data	National Treasury databases managed by Budget Office
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitation	No specific limitations
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Bi-annual
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Tabling and publication must occur in line with predetermined timelines
Indicator responsibility	Budget Office: Deputy Director General

Strategic Objective 3.2 Preparation of the National Budget	
Performance Indicate	or no 3.2
Indicator title	Number of budgets produced
Short definition	Preparation of the National Budget
Purpose/importance	National Budget that supports government's long-term policy and strategic priorities, within a fiscal framework that will ensure sound and sustainable financial policies and the effective, efficient and appropriate allocation of public funds
Source/collection of data	Parliamentary administrative records and National Treasury internet postings
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitation	No specific limitations
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Tabled national budget t that supports government's long-term policy and strategic priorities
Indicator responsibility	Budget Office and Public Finance: Deputy Directors General

Performance Indicator no 3.2.1	
Indicator title	Number of budget guidelines issued
Short definition	This is the budget submission guidance provided to institutions, and the process implemented by the National Treasury to analyse institutional submissions and obtain recommendations from decision makers. Guidance is also provided to institutions to enable them to compile their ENE and AENE publications inputs
Purpose/importance	To inform institutions of the information requirements for decision makers to formulate recommendations and to schedule the Medium Term Expenditure Committee engagements required for the Committee to analyse information and form recommendations to the Ministers' Committee on the Budget and Cabinet. To inform institutions of the information requirements for compiling ENE and AENE chapter and database submissions
Source/collection of data	Internet postings and administrative records
Method of calculation	Check if the Medium Term Expenditure Framework guidelines are published on the National Treasury's website by July Check if the Medium Term Expenditure Committee programme is drafted by July Check if the Adjusted Estimates of National Expenditure guidelines are published on the National Treasury's website by August Check if the Estimates of National Expenditure guidelines are published on the National Treasury's website by November
Data limitation	No specific limitations
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Guidelines must be issued to institutions and MTEC programme must be drafted, by July; AENE guidelines published by August; ENE guidelines published by November.
Indicator responsibility	National Treasury: Budget Office: Chief Director: Expenditure Planning

Performance Indicato	r no 3.2.2
Indicator title	Budget decision making processes coordinated and adherence to timelines for budget allocation recommendations based on departmental budget submissions.
Short definition	This is the presentation of recommendations in respect of departmental budget submissions to MTEC, MinComBud, and Cabinet on the dates stipulated in Committee / Cabinet programmes
Purpose/importance	This indicator measures whether the National Treasury has provided MTEC, MinComBud, and Cabinet with reports / memoranda containing budget recommendations, on the dates contained in Committee / Cabinet programmes
Source/collection of data	Recommendation reports / presentations and / or memoranda tabled at the MTEC / MinComBud and Cabinet
Method of calculation	Whether the dates of recommendation reports / presentations and / or memoranda tabled at the MTEC / MinComBud and Cabinet adhere to the budget programme calendar dates
Data limitation	No specific limitations
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Delivery of recommendations and reports in line with dates stipulated in Committee / Cabinet programmes
Indicator responsibility	National Treasury: Budget Office and Public Finance: Deputy Director Generals

Strategic Objective 3.3 Publication of the National Budget	
Performance Indicator	no 3.3
Indicator title	Number of National Budgets published
Short definition	Publish the National Budget
Purpose/importance	Publish the Budget Review, Estimates of National Expenditure and MTBPS and appropriation legislation, containing relevant, accurate and clear financial information and associated indicators of service delivery and performance
Source/collection of data	Parliamentary administrative records and National Treasury internet postings
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitation	No specific limitations
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Published National Budget
Indicator responsibility	Budget Office and Public Finance: Deputy Directors General

Performance Indicator no 3.3.1	
Indicator title	Budget legislation and accompanying documentation tabled in Parliament, and published
Short definition	This is the tabling of budget legislation and accompanying explanatory memoranda in Parliament, and availing them as publications
Purpose/importance	To table budget legislation and accompanying documents containing detailed information, for Parliament and citizens to utilise to scrutinise and debate, in order for Parliament to adopt, amend or reject the legislation proposed
Source/collection of data	Parliamentary administrative records and National Treasury internet postings
Method of calculation	Check if the Appropriation Bill is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in February
	Check if the Budget Review document is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in February
	Check if the Estimates of National Expenditure document is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in February
	Check if the Adjustments Appropriation Bill is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in October
	Check if the Medium Term Budget Policy Statement document is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in October
	Check if the Adjusted Estimates of National Expenditure document is tabled in Parliament and published on the National Treasury's website in October
Data limitation	No specific limitations
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Bi-Annual
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Tabling and publication must occur in line with predetermined timelines
Indicator responsibility	National Treasury: Budget Office: Deputy Director General

Performance Indicato	or 3.3.2
Indicator title	Number of reports on public finance statistics according to
	function and economic classification
Short definition	Measures the production of regular and on request data production and compliance with the data standard based on the Government Finance Statistics Manual (GFS) of 2014 and the Economic Reporting format used in the budget data. Regular data sets refer to data supporting the budget process and in-year reporting requirements of government. The economic classification specifies what is being bought and sold (such as user charges and compensation of employees) while the classification by function specifies the purpose of expenditure (such as research and development or housing).
Purpose/importance	The indicator is intended to show if the data is produced and compliance is maintained. Public finance data that meet these requirements can easily be understood nationally and internationally. Recognised data standards ensure that the country's reports on budgets and financial performance are reliable and trustworthy
Source/collection of data	The source of government finance statistics are the BAS/Vulindlela systems, annual financial statements, budget submissions and in-year reporting systems for national, provincial departments and public entities. The standard itself is laid out in the GFS manual of 2014. Supporting standards are the system of national accounts and accounting standards such as GRAP.
Method of calculation	Simple count - Data submissions and requests can be enumerated. Other quantitative measurements can be derived from errors in the database: for example, if data from a unit that performs a health function has been classified as education and is not rectified before publication in the budget documents. Changes in the number of errors show if compliance is deteriorating or improving. Compliance to standards is reviewed manual for submissions and on the system by in-built consistency checks.
Data limitation	Classification is mainly done by the government units; new employees in the units may not be familiar with the standards
Type of indicator	Input
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired	Extend coverage of consolidated accounts to include information
performance	on these accounts and on borrowing by general government
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Public Finance Statistics

Performance Indicator no 3.3.3	
Indicator title	Number of reports produced on guidance given to departments and entities on the classification of expenditure per quarter
Short definition	Guidance is provided by means of circulars, training of government officials in the finance departments and response to queries on the classification of expenditure in terms of government's Basic Accounting System (BAS) using the Standard Chart of Accounts (SCOA).
Purpose/importance	Indicator intended to show that government units are being assisted to ensure that their transactions are carried out according to SCOA by checking that:
	<ul> <li>Queries are attended to within a turn-around period of two weeks</li> <li>Number of classification inconsistencies in the data do not increase</li> <li>Circulars on classification issues are sent out timeously whenever the need arises</li> <li>Training is given to public officials when required</li> </ul>
Source/collection of data	<ul> <li>Inconsistency reports come from the Vulindlela system</li> <li>Queries turnaround sourced from the call centre run by the Public Finance Statistics unit</li> <li>Circulars are stored on I-drive folder and logged on the NT website so they can easily be counted</li> <li>SCOA training registers and reports from training partners such as National School of Government</li> </ul>
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of reports produced
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Issue classification circulars and guidelines used by departments for transactional classification guidance
	Provide advice on the interpretation of the SCOA and the Reference Guide on Economic Classification when required.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Public Finance Statistics

Strategic Objective 3.4  Monitoring and analysis of public expenditure and service delivery	
Performance Indicator	no. 3.4
Indicator title	Number of annual expenditure reports submitted to the Standing Committee on Appropriations
Short definition	Provide the Standing Committee on Appropriation with high level summary of expenditure reports for all departments.
Purpose/importance	Report on deviations against the monthly drawings schedule, expenditure on special/large projects in line with planning and on any deviations to policy and financial/accounting regulations
Source/collection of data	Financial data extracted from Vulindlela to populate quarterly reports
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of reports compiled and submitted to the Standing Committee on Appropriations on a timely basis
Data limitation	Information on Vulindlela is not always updated in line with departments' expenditure reports.
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Informed SCOA on the significant preliminary expenditure patterns across government.
Indicator responsibility	Budget Analysts: Public Finance

Performance Indicato	r no 3.4.1
Indicator title	Percentage adherence to timelines for PFMA and TR approvals, sectoral analysis and policy advice
Short definition	The number of PFMA and TR requests approved within the deadlines as per NT requirements (see desired performance) and comments on Cabinet memoranda for the Minister of Finance (see desired performance)
Purpose/importance	To ensure that national departments and public entities get responses to their requests in the shortest time possible  To ensure that the Minister has advice on Cabinet memoranda prior to Cabinet meetings
Source/collection of data	All requests for PFMA and TR approval from departments and public entities and Cab memo's and sent to the PF division for comment as well as the replies to those requests
Method of calculation	(Number of responses to each request ( routine or more complex) sent by the deadline +Number of Cab memo comments sent by the deadline) X 100  Number requests received + Number of Cab memo received
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output and efficiency
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Routine PFMA and TR approvals within 2 weeks of receipt More complex PFMA and TR approval within 4 weeks of receipt Routine sectoral analysis and policy advice within 2 weeks of request More complex sectoral analysis and policy advice within 4 weeks of receipt Comments on Cabinet memoranda to reach the Ministry at least one day before the relevant Cabinet meeting
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directors: Public Finance

Performance Indicato	or no 3.4.2
Indicator title	Number of monthly expenditure feedback reports to departments.
Short definition	Public Finance budget analysts to compile and provide month expenditure feedback to departments. Feedback to departments is within 15 days after the official submission of IYMs by departments (departments submit IYMs on or before 15 of every month)
Purpose/importance	Report to departments on early warning signs that could trigger unauthorised or irregular expenditure
Source/collection of data	Monthly In year monitoring (IYMs) submitted by departments
Method of calculation	Monthly feedback send to departments within 15 days after the official submission of IYMs by departments (departments submit IYMs on or before 15 of every month)
Data limitation	Information on Vulindlela is not always updated in line with departments' expenditure reports
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Report to departments on early warning signs that could trigger unauthorised or irregular expenditure
Indicator responsibility	Budget Analysts: Public Finance

Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 3.4.3	
Indicator title	Number of quarterly expenditure reports submitted to the Standing Committee on Appropriations	
Short definition	Provide the Standing Committee on Appropriation with high level summary of quarterly expenditure reports for all departments. Quarterly expenditure reports submitted six weeks from the end of the quarter	
Purpose/importance	Report on deviations against the monthly drawings schedule, expenditure on special/large projects in line with planning and on any deviations to policy and financial/accounting regulations	
Source/collection of data	Financial data extracted from Vulindlela to populate quarterly reports	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of reports compiled and submitted to the Standing Committee on Appropriations on a timely basis	
Data limitation	Information on Vulindlela is not always updated in line with departments' expenditure reports.	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	No	
Desired performance	Informed SCOA on the significant preliminary expenditure patterns across government.	
Indicator responsibility	Budget Analysts: Public Finance	

Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 3.4.4	
Indicator title	Number of reports produced on review and implementation of the COLA costing model	
Short definition	Review and implement the personnel costing model to assess the costs of improvements in conditions of service and changes in personnel headcounts	
Purpose/importance	Assess the costs of improvements in conditions of service and changes in personnel headcounts to guide budget allocations and determine implications for the sustainability of the Compensation of Employees budget	
Source/collection of data	Internal NT databases	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of reports produced on the review and implementation of the model	
Data limitation	Not applicable	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	No	
Desired performance	A comprehensive report on the review of the model produced per quarter.	
Indicator responsibility	Public Sector Remuneration Analysis and Forecasting Unit	

Performance Indicato	or no 3.4.5
Indicator title	Percentage response to request for support on governance and financial management monitoring and compliance system in public entities provided.
Short definition	The department (unit) provides support and guidance to public entities on issues relating to governance, financial management and compliance; this support can either be requested by the entities (demand driven) or the department can identify the need to provide support to the entities based on its observation or analysis.
Purpose/importance	To advise public entities on matters relating to financial management, governance and compliance with relevant financial and governance prescripts in order to ensure effective and efficient use of resources in public entities.
Source/collection of data	Reports submitted, presentations presented, responses submitted to entities, Cabinet memorandum and minutes of the meetings
Method of calculation	Total number of requests responded to in providing support to Public entities within 3 months X 100  Total number of the requests received from public entities to provide support
Data limitation	Records of verbal requests, responses and discussions; and telephone discussions
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Implementation of the principles of improved governance in public entities
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Public Entities Governance Unit

Strategic Objective 3.5 Coordinating international development cooperation		
Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 3.5	
Indicator title	Percentage of ODA programmes coordinated	
Short definition	Effectively manage and coordinate official development assistance (ODA), which includes grants, concessionary loans and technical assistance	
Purpose/importance	Ensure alignment with government policies and priorities	
Source/collection of data	ODA agreements/Project reports DCMIS	
Method of	Number of aligned agreements X 100	
calculation	Total number of agreements signed	
Data limitation	None where agreements are processed by IDC	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annually	
New indicator	Yes	
Desired performance	Development cooperation fully coordinated with government policy and priorities	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: International Development Cooperation	

Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 3.5.1	
Indicator title	Percentage alignment of development cooperation to government policy and priorities	
Short definition	Alignment development cooperation relating to official development assistance (ODA), which includes grants, concessionary loans and technical assistance, with Government priorities	
Purpose/importance	Ensure alignment with government policies and priorities	
Source/collection of data	ODA agreements/Project reports  Development Cooperation, Management and Information System (DCMIS)	
Method of	Number of aligned agreements X 100	
calculation	Total number of agreements signed	
Data limitation	None where agreements are processed by IDC	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annually	
New indicator	No	
Desired performance	Development cooperation fully aligned with government policy and priorities	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: International Development Cooperation	

Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 3.5.2	
Indicator title	Percentage Management and coordination of development cooperation in South Africa	
Short definition	Manage and coordinate the country's development cooperation at a macro level	
Purpose/importance	Manage and coordinate inbound South African technical and financial cooperation	
Source/collection of	RDP quarterly report	
data	PSC meetings Minutes	
	Annual consultation Minutes	
	Development Cooperation, Management and Information System (DCMIS)	
Method of calculation	Number of ODA projects managed and coordinated X 100 Total number of ODA projects	
Data limitation	Departments do not consistently report on all ODA projects.	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annually	
New indicator	No	
Desired performance	All ODA projects managed and co-ordinated and thus comprehensive information on all inbound ODA documented and accessible to all stakeholders	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: International Development Cooperation	

Strategic Objective 3.	Strategic Objective 3.6 Coordination of intergovernmental relations	
Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 3.6	
Indicator title	Number of budget council meetings held	
Short definition	Meetings held to ensure fiscal relations coordination between the three spheres of government	
Purpose/importance	Effectively coordinate fiscal relations between the three spheres of government and promote sound financial planning, reporting and management	
Source/collection of data	Attendance registers	
Method of calculation	Simple count	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annually	
New indicator	Yes	
Desired performance	Coordinated fiscal relations between the three spheres of government and promote sound financial planning, reporting and management	
Indicator responsibility	Intergovernmental Relations	

Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 3.6.1	
Indicator title	Number of Division of Revenue and Division of Revenue Amendment Bills published annually	
Short definition	The Division of Revenue Bill and Division of Revenue Amendment Bill are bills tabled in Parliament by the Minister of Finance to determine and adjust budget allocations to provinces and municipalities	
Purpose/importance	These Bills are required in terms of section 214 of the Constitution to allocate funds from revenue collected nationally to enable provinces and municipalities to fulfil their functions. These bills are also required to be tabled in terms of the Money Bills Amendment Procedure and Related Matters Act	
Source/collection of data	Parliament's Announcements Tablings Committees (ATC) document records all bills tabled	
Method of calculation	Number of Division of Revenue Bills and Division of Revenue Amendment Bills reflected in the ATC as being tabled each financial year	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Bi-Annual	
New indicator	No	
Desired performance	One Division of Revenue Bill must be tabled per year (less is not acceptable), the number of Division of Revenue Amendment Bills may vary (up or down) depending on the need for amendments due to events that occur in-year	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Intergovernmental Policy and Planning	

Performance Indicator no 3.6.2	
Indicator title	Number of reforms introduced to enhance provincial and local government fiscal frameworks
Short definition	Changes to the structure of the financing of provinces and local government. This can include changes to the way equitable share allocations are calculated or changes to conditional grant allocation mechanisms or rules or the introduction of new grants or dissolution of grants. It can also include introduction of additional own revenue instruments/sources to provinces or local government
Purpose/importance	The provincial and local government fiscal frameworks ensure that provinces and municipalities are funded to be able to fulfil the functions assigned to them in terms of the Constitution
Source/collection of data	Explanatory Memorandum to the Division of Revenue Bill (published on the National Treasury website as Annexure W1 to the Budget Review)
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of reforms approved for implementation each financial year
Data limitation	This indicator requires interpretation of changes to provincial or local government grants to be described in the Explanatory Memorandum to the Division of Revenue Bill and the introduction of additional municipal own revenue instruments to be legislated through the Municipal Fiscal Powers and Functions Act
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annual
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Additional changes could be needed if these will improve the performance of provinces and municipalities or protect the stability of the national fiscus. If changes cannot improve any of these factors then fewer changes should be made
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Intergovernmental Policy and Planning

Performance Indicator no 3.6.3	
Indicator title	Number of plans assessed to support improvements in infrastructure planning in provinces
Short definition	The indicator measures the ability of provincial department to improve their infrastructure planning and the institutionalisation of the infrastructure delivery management system (IDMS)
Purpose/importance	To ensure that there is an improvement in planning by provincial departments implementing infrastructure programmes and projects. Provide support when necessary, to assist in improving the plans.
Source/collection of data	Submission of user asset management plans, infrastructure programme management plans, pre-feasibility and feasibility reports, monthly IRM reports and human resource reports for infrastructure units.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of plans assessed
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	None
Desired performance	A total of 36 Infrastructure plans assessed (user asset management plans and infrastructure programme management plans) to ensure that there is an improvement in planning by provincial departments implementing infrastructure programmes and projects.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial and Local Government Infrastructure

Performance Indicator	no 3.6.4
Indicator title	Number of built environment performance plans assessed to support improvement in the built environment
Short definition	Built environment Performance Plans are city-level plans formulated and approved by the metro, and it complements existing statutory plans and compliance with legal requirements. The Plan serves to better align the planning and budgets in the municipalities and is a brief, strategic overview of the built environment that will be used to enhance inter-governmental relations aimed at improving the performance of metropolitan built environments.
Purpose/importance	BEPP is a requirement of the DORA in respect of infrastructure grants related to the  Built environment of metropolitan municipalities. It is one of the eligibility requirements for the Integrated City Development Grant (ICDG). The BEPP is thus also an instrument for compliance and submission purposes for the following infrastructure grants ICDG, USDG, HSDG, PTIG, NDPG, INEP
Source/collection of data	Submitted by the metropolitan municipalities on a yearly basis and uploaded onto the NT, MFMA website
Method of calculation	Simple count of BEPPs submitted and reviewed as part of the Mid- year budget and BEPP process
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annual
New indicator	No
Desired performance	That all the 8 metropolitan municipalities submit their BEPPs and that these BEPP's are reviewed as part of the intergovernmental mid-year budget process. The reviews undertaken each year reflect the incremental progress in the performance of the built environment especially with regard to spatial transformation, housing and transport.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial and Local Government Infrastructure

Performance Indicato	or no 3.6.5
Indicator title	Number of capacity building initiatives (workshops and
	courses) to facilitate improved planning, budgeting and
	financial management
Short definition	Annual Division of Revenue Workshops with key national
	departments and provincial treasuries; Essentials of Budget
	Formulation, and Budget Analysis and Examination Training and
	an annual IYM workshop. Infrastructure Delivery Improvement
	System (IDMS) training to government officials that are involved in
	the infrastructure delivery process. The introduction to the IDMS is
	a two to three days' workshop where officials are introduced to
	concepts and principles of the IDMS
Purpose/importance	<ul> <li>To discuss key clauses and changes within the 2017</li> </ul>
	Division of Revenue Bill, Infrastructure, the Business Planning
	Process and Performance Evaluation for 2016/17 with
	regards to provincial Conditional Grants
	<ul> <li>To understand the essentials of budget preparation within</li> </ul>
	the South African context. Included herein are the budget
	concepts, principles, MTEF budget process and key role
	players within national and provincial departments
	<ul> <li>To understand the core concepts and principles of budget</li> </ul>
	examination and analysis, and demonstrate the application
	thereof through work based practical assessment activities
Source/collection of	<ul> <li>2017 Division of Revenue Bill and grant frameworks</li> </ul>
data	Courses: Targeted audience are public service officials in
	national and provincial departments across South Africa who
	work in budgeting and finance environment, including officials
	who have an interest in understanding public sector budget
	preparation, examination and analysis thereof
	Attendance registers
Method of	Simple count of number of capacity building initiatives
calculation	(workshops and courses)
Data limitation	Workshops: None
	Courses: Due to operational requirements, not all intended
	or targeted beneficiaries are able to attend the courses. On
	the other hand, the pool of potential beneficiaries is gradually
	depleting as most have already attended these courses in the
	preceding years
	Lack of or partial completion of attendance registers
Type of indicator	The indicator measures output (i.e. Number of participants
	attending the courses/number of workshops)
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Revised
Desired	Actual performance must be higher than targeted performance is
performance	desirable Chief Director: Provincial Budget Analysis
Indicator	Chief Director: Provincial Budget Analysis
responsibility	Chief Directorate: PLGI
	Chief Directorate: Local Government Budget Analysis

Performance Indicator no 3.6.6	
Indicator title	Number of quarterly financial reports produced and published to comply with section 32 of the PFMA
Short definition	Summary of financial and conditional grant performance for all provinces
Purpose/importance	Early warning system to detect problems in provincial performance
Source/collection of data	Nine electronic submissions in Excel format (IYM Model) from provincial treasuries to CD: PBA. Currently submitted via email, validated and stored on network drive (K drive) at NT
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of publications per year – there should be 4
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Inputs, activities and outputs
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Target is 4 per year. More will not be an improvement
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial Budget Analysis

Performance Indicato	r no 3.6.7
Indicator title	Number of provincial and municipal budgeting benchmarking exercises held to improve provincial and municipal budget credibility, composition and achievability
Short definition	Benchmark engagements – meet with each of the 9 provincial treasuries twice to evaluate and make recommendations on their Draft Budgets for the coming MTEF
Purpose/importance	Monitoring of performance and to ensure that budgets are creditable
Source/collection of data	Provincial documents, databases and tools
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of benchmarking exercises conducted
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Outcomes
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Delivery, credibility and achievability of provincial budgets
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial Budget Analysis

Performance Indicator no 3.6.8	
Indicator title	Number of reports published in terms of MFMA and DoRA
Short definition	Publication of the adopted budget information for the new Medium Term Revenue and Expenditure Framework; section 71 quarterly reports including expenditure on conditional grants; routine publications, municipal payment schedule and the Local Government Budgets and expenditure review.
Purpose/importance	In fulfilment of legal requirements in terms of the DoRA and MFMA regarding budget assessments and monitoring
Source/collection of data	Through annual budget returns submitted by municipalities and reports submitted by Transferring Officers, NT initiative through the analysis of DoRA section 10 reports and MFMA section 71 monthly reports on municipalities' overall performance
Method of calculation	Simple count of reports published
Data limitation	Availability and accuracy of information in the monthly and quarterly reports submitted by municipalities and TNOs
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Consolidation of standing indicators from previous year
Desired performance	Timeous publication
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: LGBA

Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 3.6.9	
Indicator title	Number of support initiatives implemented in provinces	
Short definition	Support on revenue management, roll-over and offsetting of conditional grants process, budget compilation and assessment, mid-year performance monitoring, training on DoRA related matters and implementation of the province specific strategies to address municipal finance performance failures	
Purpose/importance	To monitor progress and provide support in the implementation of support initiatives to address municipal finance performance failures	
Source/collection of data	Progress reports received from Provinces and non-delegated municipalities, and own analyses	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of initiatives	
Data limitation	Timeous submission of progress reports	
Type of indicator	Activities	
Calculation type	Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	Consolidation of standing indicators from previous year	
Desired performance	Visible decrease in the number of financial failures in municipalities	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: LGBA	

Performance Indicato	or no 3.6.10
Indicator title	Number of municipal budgeting and reporting reforms implemented
Short definition	Technical adjustments to the LGDRS and Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations to accommodate mSCOA to ensure successful implementation
Purpose/importance	To ensure that all 257 Municipalities provide Municipal financial data without mapping or extrapolating directly into LG database across the 6 regulatory segments.
Source/collection of data	Collection of documentation, questionnaires and data strings of municipal financial data, from all the 257 current Municipalities.
Method of calculation	Assessment of quarterly risk evaluations, Monthly confirmation of data load and comparison with legacy reporting schedules.
Data limitation	Timeous submission of questionnaires and data uploads by Municipalities
Type of indicator	Outputs
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Consolidation of standing indicators from previous year
Desired performance	mSCOA project governance improvement indicated by Red, Amber and Green status on the quarterly assessments (Not the financial distress indicators which are measured annually); Delivery and load of data without rejection and consistent with legacy reporting formats i.e. Section 71, 72 reports as well as A, B and C schedules
Indicator responsibility	mSCOA work stream leaders.

Performance Indicator no 3.6.11	
Indicator title	Number of provincial and municipal mid-year budget and expenditure performance assessment reports published
Short definition	Publication of the adopted budget information for the new Medium Term Revenue and Expenditure Framework; section 71 quarterly reports including expenditure on conditional grants; routine publications, municipal payment schedule and the Local Government Budgets and expenditure review for provincial and local municipalities respectively
Purpose/importance	In fulfilment of legal requirements in terms of the PFMA, DoRA and MFMA regarding budget assessments and monitoring
Source/collection of data	Through annual budget returns submitted by provinces and municipalities as well as reports submitted by Transferring Officers, NT initiative through the analysis of MFMA Section 40 monthly reports on provinces, DoRA section 10 reports and MFMA section 71 monthly reports on municipalities' overall performance
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of assessment reports
Data limitation	Availability and accuracy of information in the monthly and quarterly reports submitted by provinces and municipalities and TNOs
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Consolidation of standing indicators from previous year
Desired performance	Timeous publication
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: LGBA

## Programme 4

Strategic Objective 4.1 Minimise and mitigate risks emanating from Government's fiscal obligations	
Performance Indicator	no 4.4.1
Indicator title	Percentage compliance with market and refinancing risks benchmarks
Short definition	Management of debt portfolio within approved risk benchmarks so that it minimises the impact of interest rate, inflation and exchange rate risks on annual funding requirements and government's debt portfolio while balancing liquidity (cash) and cost objectives
Purpose/importance	To recommend annual risk allocations using appropriate techniques in order to ensure compliance to market and refinancing risks benchmarks
Source/collection of data	All Risk Indicators should be below or within their limits or ranges as approved by Minister:
Mathod of calculation	<ul> <li>Share of short-term debt maturing in 12 months (Treasury bills) as a percentage of total domestic debt [15%]</li> <li>Share of long-term maturing in 5-years as a percentage of fixed rate bonds and inflation linked bonds [25%]</li> <li>Share of inflation-linked bonds as a percentage of total domestic debt [20-25%]</li> <li>Share of foreign debt as a percentage of total government debt</li> <li>Weighted term-to-maturity (fixed rate bonds and Treasury bills in years) [10-14]</li> <li>Weighted term-to-maturity (inflation-linked bonds in years) [14-17]</li> <li>Number of risk indicators within their limits or ranges x100</li> <li>Total number of risk indicators</li> </ul>
Method of calculation	Ratio-based on portfolio indicators and quantitative on underlying risk factors
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Below percentage thresholds and within percentage ranges
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Strategy and Risk Management

Performance Indicator no 4.1.1	
Indicator title	Percentage of corporate plans of Schedule 2 and 3B SOCs, development finance institutions (DFIs)and water boards(WBs) received and reviewed within four months of receipt
Short definition	Review the plans to ensure alignment with government policy
Purpose/importance	Ensures that the corporate plans of the SOCs, DFIs and water boards are reviewed to assess their potential impact on the fiscus and alignment with government policy so that mitigating action can be taken
Source/collection of data	Reports or memos on review of corporate plans of Schedule 2 and 3B SOCs, DFIs and water boards received
Method of calculation	Number of corporate plans of schedule 2 and 3 B SOCs, DFIs and water boards reviewed within 4 months X 100  Total number of corporate plans of Schedule 2 and 3B SOCs, DFIs and water boards received
Data limitation	<ul> <li>Late submission of Corporate Plans from SOCs</li> <li>Executive Authorities may request amendments to Corporate Plans which may result in delays</li> <li>Entities are not required to submit final shareholder compacts to NT for review</li> </ul>
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Reviewed all corporate plans within the stipulated timeframes:100% (the higher the better)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Governance and Financial Analysis

Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 4.1.2	
Indicator title	Percentage of annual reports of Schedule 2 and 3B SOCs, DFIs and WBs received and reviewed within four months of receipt	
Short definition	Review the reports to assess their potential impact on the fiscus	
Purpose/importance	Ensures that the annual reports of the SOCs, DFIs and water boards are reviewed to assess their potential impact on the fiscus so that mitigating action can be taken	
Source/collection of data	Reports or memos on review of annual reports of Schedule 2 and 3B SOCs, DFIs and water boards received	
Method of calculation	Number of annual reports of schedule 2and 3 B SOCs, DFIs and water boards reviewed within 4 months X 100  Total number of annual reports of Schedule 2 and 3B SOCs, DFIs and water boards received	
Data limitation	<ul> <li>Late submission of annual reports SOCs, DFI &amp; WBs</li> <li>Executive Authorities may request amendments or extension to annual reports which may result in delays</li> <li>Entities are not required to submit final shareholder compacts to NT for review</li> </ul>	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	No	
Desired performance	Reviewed all annual reports within the stipulated timeframes:100% (the higher the better)	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Governance and Financial Analysis	

Performance Indicato	or no 4.1.3
Indicator title	Percentage of annual reports and corporate plans received from Schedule 2 and 3B SOCs reporting to NT (SAA, PIC, DBSA, Land Bank, Sasria) tabled in Parliament within the required timescale(30 September each year)
Short definition	Tabling of reports and plans to Parliament to ensure adherence with timeframes
Purpose/importance	Ensure that the annual reports and corporate plans are tabled in Parliament within the required timelines
Source/collection of	Record of tabling in Parliament
data	30 September refers to both the tabling of Corporate Plans and Annual Reports whilst noting that the Corporate Plans are submitted at the end of February of the previous financial year.
Method of calculation	Number of annual reports and corporate plans of schedule 2and 3 B SOCs, DFIs and water boards tabled within required timelines X 100  10
Data limitation	<ul> <li>Late submission of Corporate Plans or annual reports from SOCs</li> <li>Executive Authority may require amendments to the Corporate Plans which may result in delays</li> </ul>
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Submitted all corporate plans and annual reports within the stipulated timeframes: 100% (the higher the better)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Governance and Financial Analysis and Chief Directorate: Sector Oversight

Performance Indicato	or no 4.1.4
Indicator title	Percentage of complete PFMA Section 54(2), 52, 55 and 92 applications received from Schedule 2 and 3B SOCs, DFIs and WBs reviewed within stipulated timeframes.
Short definition	Review all applications within the required timeframe, Section 54(2) must be reviewed within 30 days, and section 52, 55 and 92 must be reviewed with 4 months.
Purpose/importance	Ensure that SOC all applications in terms of the PFMA and MFMA are reviewed within stipulated timeframes to identify risks or other issues so that mitigating action can be taken
Source/collection of data	Submissions prepared in response to applications for PFMA applications
Method of calculation	$\frac{\text{Number of complete applications reviewed within stipulated timeframes}}{\text{Total number of complete applications received}}x100$
Data limitation	Inter-temporal differences between the submissions received during the course of the year and those responded to, due to additional information being required to finalise the review of submissions and applications received
Type of indicator	Output and activity
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Reviewed all applications within the stipulated timeframes:100% (the higher the better)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Sector Oversight and Chief Directorate: Governance and Financial Analysis

Performance Indicator no 4.1.5	
Indicator title	Percentage of funding applications received from Schedule 2 and 3B SOCs, DFIs and WBs reviewed within stipulated timeframes.
Short definition	Review the funding applications – the applications must be reviewed within 30 days of receipt and presented to the next Fiscal Liability Committee (FLC). After the FLC the applications must be signed off by the DDG within three weeks.
Purpose/importance	Ensure that all funding applications are reviewed within stipulated timeframes to identify risks or other issues to provide input into the Budget process to inform decisions on whether funding should be allocated
Source/collection of data	Presentations/submissions prepared in response to applications for funding
Method of calculation	$\frac{\text{Number of applications for funding reviewed within stipulated timeframes}}{\text{Number of applications for funding received}}x100$
Data limitation	Not all of the applications may be forwarded to ALM for review
	Inadequate information may be submitted
	Reviews are usually undertaken in a presentation format rather than as a submission
Type of indicator	Output and activity
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Reviewed all applications within the stipulated timeframes:100% (the higher the better)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Sector Oversight

Performance Indicato	or no 4.1.6
Indicator title	Percentage of complete guarantee applications received from Schedule 2 and 3B SOCs, DFIs and WBs reviewed within stipulated timeframes.
Short definition	Review the funding applications – the applications must be reviewed within 30 days or receipt and presented to the next Fiscal Liability Committee (FLC). After the FLC the applications must be signed off by the DDG within three weeks.
Purpose/importance	Ensure that all guarantee applications are reviewed within stipulated timeframes for consideration by the FLC
Source/collection of data	Submissions prepared in response to applications for guarantees that are submitted to the FLC
Method of calculation	$\frac{\textit{Number of applications for guarantees reviewed within stipulated time frames}}{\textit{Number of applications for guarantees received}}x100$
Data limitation	Once considered by the FLC, submissions have to be compiled for submission to the Minister taking into account the recommendations of the FLC
Type of indicator	Output and activity
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Reviewed all applications within the stipulated timeframes:100% (the higher the better)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Sector Oversight

Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 4.1.7	
Indicator title	Percentage of MFMA submissions relating to tariff adjustments received from Schedule 2 and 3B SOCs and WBs reviewed within stipulated timeframes.	
Short definition	Submissions must be reviewed within 40 working days	
Purpose/importance	Ensure that all MFMA submissions are reviewed within stipulated timeframes to identify any risks and issues so that mitigating action can be taken	
Source/collection of data	Submissions prepared in response to MFMA submissions	
Method of calculation	Number of submissions reviewed within stipulated timeframes x 100  Number of submissions received	
Data limitation	Delayed on not received MFMA submissions relating to tariff adjustments received from Schedule 2 and 3B SOCs and WBs.	
Type of indicator	Output and activity	
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	No	
Desired performance	Reviewed all submission within the stipulated timeframes: 100% (the higher the better)	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Sector Oversight	

Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 4.1.8	
Indicator title	Percentage of reviews requested of legislation, policies and strategies impacting on Schedule 2 and 3B SOCs, DFIs and WBs conducted within stipulated timeframes	
Short definition	Reviewing legislation, policies and strategies impacting on schedule 2 and 3B SOCs and provide feedback on the review within 2 months.	
Purpose/importance	Reviews ensure that any potential negative impact of new/amended legislation, policies, sector reforms and strategies are identified and mitigated	
Source/collection of data	Feedback or comments provided on legislation, policy etc.	
Method of calculation	Number of reviews of legislation, policies and strategies  conducted X 100  Number of requests received to review legislation, policies and strategies	
Data limitation	Requests for comments are not always made in a formal way	
Type of indicator	Output and activity	
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	No	
Desired performance	Completion of all planned reviews and related activity within the stipulated timeframes: 100% (the higher the better)	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Sector Oversight	

Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 4.1.9	
Indicator title	Percentage of report on the review of schedule 2 and 3B SOCs, DFIs and WBs remuneration	
Short definition	Review schedule 2 and 3B remuneration and provide a feedback on the outcome of the review	
	Schedule 2 and 3B remuneration reviews must be done within 2 months (1 October - 31 December)	
	WBs remuneration reviews must be done within 2 months (1 December - 31 January)	
Purpose/importance	Monitor compliance with applicable policies, guidelines and standards	
Source/collection of data	Annual financial statements	
Method of calculation	$\frac{\text{Number of submissions reviewed}}{\text{Number of submissions received}} x 100$	
Data limitation	Late submission by entities	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	Revised	
Desired performance	Complete the review	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director Governance and Financial Analysis	

Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 4.1.10	
Indicator title	Percentage of reports on the review of schedule 2 Board composition	
Short definition	Assessing schedule 2 Board composition for compliance with corporate governance prescripts  Assessment must be conducted within 3 months	
Purpose/importance	Ensure that the schedule board compositions complies with companies act, corporate governance principles and other relevant prescripts	
Source/collection of data	Report on schedule 2 Board composition	
Method of calculation	$\frac{\text{Number of reviews of board composition}}{\text{Number of requests received}}x100$	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	Revised	
Desired performance	Assessment of all schedule 2 board compositions for compliance with corporate governance prescripts	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director Governance and Financial Analysis	

Performance Indicator	Performance Indicator 4.1.11	
Indicator title	Percentage completion of the NT Best Practice guidelines	
Short definition	Update the Guidelines for Best Practice in Treasury Management for the State-owned Companies and Development Finance Institutions	
Purpose/importance	Ensure that the treasury divisions of State-owned Companies and Development Finance Institutions have a best practice guideline for the purpose of benchmarking treasury management	
Source/collection of data	Publications from domestic and international sources on best practice in treasury management The document has 3 sections	
Method of calculation	Sections completed x 100 Total Sections	
Data limitation	Willingness of other organizations to share information	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annual	
New indicator	No	
Desired performance	Review literature on best practice and updated the existing guidelines	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director Governance and Financial Analysis	

Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 4.1.12	
Indicator title	Percentage completion of reviews of borrowing limit applications relating to schedule 2 and 3B SOCs, DFIs and WBs received with complete information and within stipulated timeframes	
Short definition	Review schedule 2, 3B, SOCs, DFIs and WBs borrowing limit applications. Review the funding applications – the applications must be reviewed within 30 days or receipt and presented to the next Fiscal Liability Committee (FLC). After the FLC the applications must be signed off by the DDG within three weeks.	
Purpose/importance	Ensure that all borrowing limit applications are reviewed within stipulated timeframes for consideration by the FLC	
Source/collection of data	Submissions prepared in response to applications for borrowing limits that are submitted to the FLC	
Method of calculation	$\frac{\text{Number of applications for borrowing limits reviewed within stipulated timeframes}}{\text{Number of applications for borrowing limits received}} \ x 100$	
Data limitation	Once considered by the FLC, submissions have to be compiled for submission to the Minister taking into account the recommendations of the FLC	
Type of indicator	Output and activity	
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	No	
Desired performance	Reviewed all applications within the stipulated timeframes:100% (the higher the better)	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Governance and Financial Analysis	

Strategic Objective 4.2  Optimal debt management and funding of government borrowing requirement		
Performance Indicato	r no 4.2	
Indicator title	Optimal debt management and funding of government borrowing requirement	
Short definition	Fund government's annual borrowing requirements through various debt instruments	
Purpose/importance	Government's funding requirement to be met while ensuring that debt service costs remain sustainable	
Source/collection of data	Annual gross borrowing requirement is sourced from the Budget tabled annually by the Minister of Finance	
Method of calculation	Government's annual gross borrowing requirement met  (financed) X 100  Government's annual borrowing requirement targeted	
Data limitation	<ul><li>Accurate revenue and expenditure forecasts</li><li>Market conditions</li></ul>	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annually	
New indicator	Yes	
Desired performance	Oversight of all state-owned companies to enable them to achieve government's policy objectives	
Indicator responsibility	DDG: Asset and Liability Management	

Performance Indicator no 4.2.1		
Indicator title	Percentage of government's annual gross borrowing requirement met	
Short definition	Fund government's annual borrowing requirements through various debt instruments	
Purpose/importance	Ensure that sufficient funds are available to meet government commitments	
Source/collection of data	Annual gross borrowing requirement is sourced from the Budget tabled annually by the Minister of Finance	
Method of calculation	Gross borrowing requirement is the sum of revenue, expenditure and debt due for repayment  Government's annual gross borrowing requirement met  (financed) X 100  Government's annual borrowing requirement targeted	
Data limitation	Accurate revenue and expenditure forecasts  Market conditions	
Type of indicator	Outcome	
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	No	
Desired performance	Meeting the annual borrowing requirement amount	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Liability Management	

Performance Indicator no 4.2.2		
Indicator title	Percentage of interest and redemptions met	
Short definition	Payment of government debt obligations in a timely and accurate manner to avoid any credit defaults or additional costs due to inaccurate/delayed payment	
Purpose/importance	Servicing of debt is a requirement as per loan agreements; failure to do so will result in credit defaults which could lead to credit rating downgrades and loss of investors	
Source/collection of data	Government debt-service costs are contained in the annual Budget as tabled by the Minister of Finance	
Method of calculation	$\frac{\text{Amount of interest and redemptions paid}}{\text{Amount of interest and redemptions due}} x 100$	
Data limitation	Inability to access debt recording and payment systems due to internal and/or external factors	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non- Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	Revised	
Desired performance	To accurately meet all government debt obligations on time	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Liability Management	

Strategic Objective 4.3				
Ensure sound management of government's cash resources				
Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 4.3.1			
Indicator title	Percentage of government's liquidity requirements met			
Short definition	Forecasting and management of government's short and medium term cash flows			
Purpose/importance	Ensure provision for government's short and medium term commitments at the right time, in the right amounts and in the right currency			
Source/collection of data	Cash flow data on receipts and payments is received from SARS, Reserve Bank and various units within NT and then consolidated			
Method of calculation	Government's net cash position is calculated, taking into account:  - Gross borrowing requirement, which is the sum of revenue, expenditure and debt due (interest and redemptions) - Proceeds from short- and long-term loans issued in the domestic and international markets - Change in cash balances  A monthly net cash position is calculated for the MTEF period and thereafter maintained  Daily net cash positions are forecast for three months ahead  Must maintain a positive actual closing balance			
Data limitation	None			
Type of indicator	Output			
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative			
Reporting cycle	Quarterly			
New indicator	No			
Desired performance	Fully funded exchequer account (National Revenue account			
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Financial Operations			

Strategic Objective 4.1 Minimise and mitigate risks emanating from Government's fiscal obligations			
Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 4.4.1		
Indicator title	Percentage compliance with market and refinancing risks benchmarks		
Short definition	Management of debt portfolio within approved risk benchmarks so that it minimises the impact of interest rate, inflation and exchange rate risks on annual funding requirements and government's debt portfolio while balancing liquidity (cash) and cost objectives		
Purpose/importance	To recommend annual risk allocations using appropriate techniques in order to ensure compliance to market and refinancing risks benchmarks		
Source/collection of data	Fiscal Policy: revenue, expenditure, budget deficit; Economic Policy/Stats SA: GDP, exchange rates, CPI; ALM: borrowing requirements, bond redemptions, real and nominal yields		
Method of calculation	Ratio-based on portfolio indicators and quantitative on underlying risk factors		
Data limitation	None		
Type of indicator	Output		
Calculation type	Non-cumulative		
Reporting cycle	Quarterly		
New indicator	No		
Desired performance	Below percentage thresholds and within percentage ranges		
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Strategy and Risk Management		

## **Programme 5**

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Improve financial management governance and Compliance across all spheres and entities in Government, giving effect to the PFMA and MFMA

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Performance Indicator no 5.1		
Indicator title	Percentage of financial management regulations, instructions, circulars, policies, guidelines and tools published	
Short definition	Publish financial management regulations, instructions, circulars, policies, guidelines and tools	
Purpose/importance	Improve financial management governance and compliance across all spheres and entities in government, giving effect to the PFMA and MFMA	
Source/collection of data	National Treasury website	
Method of calculation	Number of regulations, instructions, circulars, policies, guidelines and tools published X 100	
	Number of instructions, circulars, policies, guidelines and tools developed	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annually	
New indicator	Yes	
Desired performance	Published Treasury Regulations, Instructions, Circulars, policies, guidelines and tools	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Governance Monitoring and Compliance	

Performance Indicator no 5.1.1		
Indicator title	Number of institutions work-shopped on IA and risk management guidelines	
Short definition	Providing awareness and knowledge sharing on internal audit and risk management guidelines to national institutions	
Purpose/importance	To ensure that institutions have common understanding of and comply with the internal audit and risk management guidelines	
Source/collection of data	Attendance registers signed by officials attending the workshops indicating the institutions they are representing	
Method of calculation	Simple count of institutions work-shopped	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Activity	
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	Revised	
Desired performance	Work shop National institutions to ensure knowledge sharing on internal audit and risk management	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Internal Audit Support Chief Directorate: Risk Management	

Performance Indicator no 5.1.2		
Indicator title	Number of assessments conducted of IA and state of readiness for quality assurance reviews and adoption of best practices to assess compliance with PFMA, MFMA and international professional practice standards	
Short definition	Assess internal audit compliance with PFMA, MFMA and international professional practice standards of internal audit, and its state of readiness for quality assurance reviews	
Purpose/importance	Review internal audit functions to determine their level of compliance with the PFMA, MFMA, Treasury Regulations and international internal audit standards	
Source/collection of data	Signed reports issued to the department, municipality or entity concerned	
Method of calculation	Simple count of assessment reports issued	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Activity	
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	No	
Desired performance	Compliance of internal audit with relevant prescripts and its ability to do quality assurance reviews	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Internal Audit Support	

Performance Indicator no 5.1.3		
Indicator title	Number of institutions whose Audit Committees have been provided with support	
Short definition	Provide Audit Committees with support e.g. attendance of meetings, interviewing and selection of potential members, induction of new members etc.	
Purpose/importance	To ensure that Audit Committees delivers the duties effectively and efficiently through our support	
Source/collection of data	Attendance registers, minutes, reports or presentations,	
Method of calculation	Simple count of institutions supported	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Activity	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annually	
New indicator	No	
Desired performance	Provide support to AC in institutions	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Internal Audit Support	

Performance Indicator no 5.1.4		
Indicator title	Number of knowledge sharing forums in internal audit and risk management facilitated through formal platforms	
Short definition	Provide a platform for deliberations and thoughts on internal audit and risk management to institutions	
Purpose/importance	To ensure that institutions are informed and updated with new or revised prescripts related to internal audit and risk management	
Source/collection of data	Attendance registers providing information on the logistics of the knowledge forum	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of knowledge forums	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Activity	
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	No	
Desired performance	Share information with institutions to keep them abreast.	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Internal Audit Support Chief Directorate: Risk Management	

Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 5.1.5	
Indicator title	Number of support plans developed for government entities struggling at lower levels of IA implementation as in the Financial Management Capability Maturity Model (FMCMM)	
Short definition	Support plan detailing support activities to be conducted	
Purpose/importance	To strengthen effectiveness of internal audit	
Source/collection of data	Approved support plans	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of support plans	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	Revised	
Desired performance	6 Institutions	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate Internal Audit Support	

Performance Indicator no 5.1.6	
Indicator title	Number of Public Sector Officials trained in risk management
Short definition	Provide training or support to Public Sector Officials on risk management
Purpose/importance	To equip and enhance Public Sector Officials with risk management tools that will allow them to execute their responsibilities efficiently and effectively.
Source/collection of data	Attendance registers of risk management training provided
Method of calculation	Simple count of trained officials
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Trained officials gained knowledge and understanding of risk management
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Risk Management

Performance Indicator no 5.1.7	
Indicator title	Number of institutions of higher learning work-shopped on the risk management curriculum
Short definition	Providing work-shops on Risks Management Curriculum
Purpose/importance	To ensure that learning institutions reflect the guide on public sector risk management in their Risks Management Curriculum
Source/collection of data	Attendance registers signed by officials attending the workshops indicating the institutions they are representing
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of higher learning institutions workshopped.
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Activity
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Learning Institutions are introduced to the guide on public sector risk management for adoption into their curriculum
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Risk Management

Performance Indicator no 5.1.8	
Indicator title	Number of monitoring improvement of financial management in national and provincial institutions reports produced
Short definition	Draft report to inform and update Parliament on the status of financial management maturity in national and provincial institutions
Purpose/importance	To report to Parliament on improvements of financial management maturity across national and provincial spheres of government
Source/collection of data	Results on FMCMM assessments completed by national and provincial institutions
Method of calculation	Simple count of number national and provincial institutions reports produced
Data limitation	Non submission and/or late submission of FMCMM completed assessments by national and provincial institutions
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Report on identified gaps through the analysis of information submitted by national and provincial institutions and report to Parliament
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate : Governance Monitoring and Compliance

Performance Indicato	or no 5.1.9
Indicator title	Number of guidelines to assist with the implementation of Treasury Regulations, policies and Treasury Instruction developed
Short definition	Simplify the provisions of the PFMA, Treasury Regulations and Treasury Instructions for PFMA compliant institutions.
Purpose/importance	To assist PFMA compliant institutions with the interpretation and application of the legislative framework related to financial management in-order to ensure compliance with the provisions of the PFMA, Treasury Regulations and Treasury Instructions
Source/collection of data	Existing legislative framework, transversal matters raised by PFMA Compliant institutions matter arising from Provincial Accountant-General forums and Chief Financial Officers Forums and any other information related to financial management received from internal divisions within National Treasury
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of guidelines developed
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Published Treasury Regulations, Treasury Instruction and guidelines
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Governance Monitoring and Compliance

Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 5.1.10	
Indicator title	Number of information sessions provided to support PFMA institutions on the implementation of Treasury Regulations, Treasury Instructions and guidelines	
Short definition	Workshops, training sessions, advocacy sessions and other information sharing platforms to provide clarity on how to implement and apply the revised Treasury Regulations, Treasury Instructions and guidelines	
Purpose/importance	Increase the understanding of the legislative frameworks	
Source/collection of data	These sessions are based on the number of Treasury Instructions and guidelines developed and also based on the ad-hoc request from PFMA Compliant institutions	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of information sessions provided	
Data limitation	Failure to honour the request of the PFMA compliant institutions or failure to honour the request of National Treasury by PFMA compliant institutions.	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	Revised	
Desired performance	Conducted all information sessions planned for the period	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Governance Monitoring and Compliance	

Performance Indicator no 5.1.11.1	
Indicator title	FMCMM model revised
Short definition	Development of a web-based FMCMM model for online submission of assessments
Purpose/importance	Online assessment of the financial health of departments, constitutional institutions and selected public entities listed in schedule 3A and 3C to the PFMA
Source/collection of data	Evidence of a developed FMCMM web based
Method of calculation	Simple count/check if there is a web based model
Data limitation	Lack of funds to develop a web-based model
Type of indicator	Input
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Web-based FMCMM model
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate : Governance Monitoring and Compliance

Performance Indicator no 5.1.11.2	
Indicator title	FMCMM Model revised
Short definition	Conduct an FMCMM model assessment
Purpose/importance	Online assessment of the financial health of departments, constitutional institutions and selected public entities listed in schedule 3A and 3C to the PFMA
Source/collection of data	Evidence of an FMCMM model assessment conducted
Method of calculation	Simple count/check if an assessment was conducted
Data limitation	Lack of funds to conduct a model assessment
Type of indicator	Activity
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	FMCMM assessment conducted
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate : Governance Monitoring and Compliance

Performance Indicator no 5.1.12	
Indicator title	Number of forensic investigations conducted and special performance audit reports produced
Short definition	Conduct investigations and special performance audit in all spheres of government on a broad range of financial management and internal control systems in public procurement processes.
Purpose/importance	To ensure that the public procurement system is fair, equitable, transparent, competitive and cost effective.  To ensure compliance with public sector legislation in each sphere of government.
Source/collection of data	Forensic investigation reports and Audit reports or list of the forensic investigations and special performance audit reports
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of reports produced
Data limitation	Political interference.  Distraction of documentation.
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Completing the number of investigations as contemplated in the Annual Performance Plan
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Specialised Audit Services

Performance Indicator no 5.1.13	
Indicator title	Number of cases referred and advisory services provided to Law Enforcement Agencies/ Anti-corruption Task Team for criminal investigation
Short definition	Refer all irregularity reportable cases to Law Enforcement Agencies/Anti-corruption Task Team for criminal investigation and recovery were possible
Purpose/importance	To ensure that the public procurement system is fair, equitable, transparent, competitive and cost effective.
	To ensure compliance with public sector legislation in each sphere of government.
Source/collection of data	List of cases referred
Method of calculation	Simple count of cases referred and advisory services offered
Data limitation	Law enforcement agencies documents.
	Top secret/ classified information
	Confidentiality of information.
	Leakage of documentation.
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Completing the number of referral of cases as contemplated in the Annual Performance Plan
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Specialised Audit Services

Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 5.1.14	
Indicator title	Number of engagements held with public officials to address compliance and implementation of regulations, instructions and guidelines in a coordinated and consistent manner	
Short definition	Enable financial management capacity building through engagements with public officials in a meeting on how to implement and be compliant with the regulations instructions and guidelines in order to ensure a coordinated and consistent application	
Purpose/importance	To ensure that there is a common understanding of and consistent application of regulations, instructions and guidelines	
Source/collection of data	Attendance registers signed by officials attending the meeting	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of engagements held	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Activity	
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	Yes	
Desired performance	Consistent implementation and compliance to regulations, instructions and guideline	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Internal Audit Support Chief Directorate: Risk Management	

Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 5.1.15	
Indicator title	No of financial management assessment tools modules for local government either developed, updated or maintained	
Short definition	The financial management assessment tools modules are designed to assess and improve the level of financial management maturity and capabilities within municipalities	
Purpose/importance	The model undertakes baseline assessments to gauge progress by municipalities and municipal entities towards sound financial management practices since the MFMA was implemented and to provide information to guide possible improvements required by municipalities.	
Source/collection of data	Database of FMCMM modules	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of modules developed / updated	
Data limitation	Data dependent on feedback from municipalities reassessed	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annually	
New indicator	Yes	
Desired performance	The upgrade and development of FMCMM modules	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate : MFMA Implementation	

Performance Indicator no. 5.1.16	
Indicator title	Percentage of financial management grant support plans reviewed for alignment with grant framework for municipalities
Short definition	Review of the FMG support plans submitted by municipalities to ascertain how funds will be spent and to note alignment with the conditions of the grant as per the grant framework.
Purpose/importance	The Division of Revenue Act requires the national transferring officer of a schedule 5 (b) conditional grant to monitor the grant to ensure compliance with the grant conditions and framework.
Source/collection of data	List of FMG support plans received and reviewed
Method of	Number support plans reviewed x 100
calculation	Total number of support plans received from municipalities
Data limitation	Late submission of the support plan will delay the review process
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	The review of FMG support plans for all municipalities
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate : MFMA Implementation

Performance Indicator no. 5.1.17		
Indicator title	Number of days taken to respond to requests to draft financial recovery plans from receiving the request	
Short definition	Assist with the preparation of a financial recovery plan when a request is received	
Purpose/importance	A financial recovery plan may assist in the resolution of financial problems at a municipality as per the MFMA.	
Source/collection of data	Tracking register of municipalities assisted with the preparation of the financial recovery plans	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of days taken to respond to requests	
Data limitation	Late submission of relevant information by municipalities to commence with the preparation of the financial recovery plans	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	Yes	
Desired performance	Preparation of a financial recovery plan for the affected municipalities	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate : MFMA Implementation	

Performance Indicator no. 5.1.18		
Indicator title	Percentage of requests to the MFMA helpdesk responded to within 30 days of receipt of request	
Short definition	Manage the MFMA helpdesk, which assists municipalities, municipal entities and all other stakeholders to interpret and implement the MFMA, Regulations, MFMA Circulars and Guidelines within 30 days	
Purpose/importance	The MFMA helpdesk assists with the interpretation of the MFMA, the regulations, Circulars and Guidelines. This helps to ensure consistent countrywide application of the Act and its regulations. The helpdesk also assists NT to identify gaps in the implementation of the legal framework and to address these through MFMA Circulars, Regulations or Guidelines, as may be appropriate.	
Source/collection of data	Tracking register for all queries received on the helpdesk	
Method of	Number of requests responded to within 30 days x 100	
calculation	Total number of requests received	
Data limitation	Delays in receiving inputs from relevant units within NT	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	Yes	
Desired performance	Respond to all queries raised on the helpdesk within 30 days	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate : MFMA Implementation	

Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no. 5.1.19	
Indicator title	Number of municipalities assisted in addressing gaps as identified by FMCMM and financial indicator assessments	
Short definition	The FMCMM and financial indicator assessments undertaken at municipalities identified shortcomings in the processes, procedures and systems to effectively implement the MFMA and supporting regulations. NT to strategise and assist municipalities in addressing the identified areas of concern.	
Purpose/importance	Improve the level of financial management maturity and capabilities within municipalities	
Source/collection of data	List of municipalities assisted	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of municipalities assisted	
Data limitation	Delays in receiving action plans from municipalities on interventions to be taken in addressing shortcomings from the assessment	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annual	
New indicator	Yes	
Desired performance	Assisted the targeted number of municipalities in addressing shortcomings identified in the FMCMM and financial indicator assessments	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate : MFMA Implementation	

Performance Indicator no 5.1.20		
Indicator title	Number of municipalities with the highest UIFW incurred annually monitored to rectify such expenditure in terms of the MFMA	
Short definition	Provide guidance to municipalities on how to address UIFW expenditure	
Purpose/importance	To reduce UIFW expenditure incurred by municipalities	
Source/collection of data	Progress reports by highest municipal contributors of UIFW expenditure	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of municipalities assisted	
Data limitation	Late submission of relevant information by municipalities to monitor processes and progress made in addressing UIFW expenditure	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annual	
New indicator	Yes	
Desired performance	Monitored highest municipal contributors of UIFW expenditure	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate : MFMA Implementation	

## **Strategic Objective 5.2**

Support and facilitate capacity development across all Spheres of government in order to improve financial Management execution

Performance indicator 5.2					
Indicator title	Percentage	of	planned	capacity	dev

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Indicator title	Percentage of planned capacity development initiatives implemented	
Short definition	To support and facilitate capacity development across all spheres of government in order to improve financial management execution	
Purpose/importance	To research, develop and implement interventions that contribute to improved public finance management (PFM) capacity, capability and performance in all three spheres of government, through institutional, organisational, individual and stakeholder development.	
Source/collection of data	Attendance registers	
Method of calculation	Number of planned capacity development initiatives implemented  X 100  Total number of capacity development initiatives planned for implementation	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annually	
New indicator	Yes	
Desired performance	Trained Officials	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Accounting Support and Reporting Chief Director: Capacity Building Chief Directorate: Specialised Audit Services	

Performance Indicator no 5.2.1		
Indicator title	Number of officials trained in the preparation of provincial consolidated financial statements, provincial revenue fund statements and implementation of generally recognised accounting practices (GRAP) standards	
Short definition	Provision of support and training initiatives on provincial revenue funds and provincial consolidated financial statements, as well as to municipalities and public entities on GRAP standards	
Purpose/importance	Enable financial management capacity building. The indicator measures the number of government personnel trained in these financial areas.	
Source/collection of data	Number of trainees as indicated by training event attendance registers	
Method of calculation	Simple count of attendees	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	No	
Desired performance	Trained Officials	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Accounting Support and Reporting	

Performance Indicator no 5.2.2		
Indicator title	Number of timely and accurate monthly statements reports of actual revenue and actual expenditure published for the National Revenue Fund (NRF)	
Short definition	In terms of Section 32 of the PFMA , these statements must be published within 30 days of month end	
Purpose/importance	<ul> <li>A requirement of the PFMA, used by the IMF and other interested parties to analyse monthly financial performance</li> <li>Used as an early warning system by departments and NT</li> </ul>	
Source/collection of data	Monthly reports published on time in the Government Gazette	
Method of calculation	Simple count of monthly statements	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	No	
Desired performance	Reports published every month in the Government Gazette	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Accounting Support and Reporting	

Performance Indicator no 5.2.3		
Indicator title	Percentage compliance with the banking services for national government:	
	Daily bank reconciliation of NRF.	
	Electronic verification of supplier banking details within four working days	
Short definition	Assist departments with electronic verification of banking details and payments, and provide a daily bank statement reflecting all payments and receipts	
Purpose/importance	Need to provide a bank statement daily to interface with ledger.  Departments can then follow up on exceptions and perform bank reconciliations.	
Source/collection of data	<ul> <li>Evidence of number of transactions verified daily</li> <li>Evidence of completion of the daily bank reconciliation</li> </ul>	
Method of	(Number of daily bank reconciliations of NRF conducted + number	
calculation	of of supplier banking details verified) X 100	
	(Number of daily bank reconciliation of NRF to be conducted +	
	number of of supplier banking details to be verified)	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	No	
Desired performance	<ul> <li>Daily bank reconciliation of NRF</li> <li>Electronic verification of supplier banking details within four working days</li> </ul>	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Accounting Support and Reporting	

Performance Indicator no 5.2.4	
Indicator title	Number of consolidated annual financial statements for national departments, public entities and Reconstruction and Development Programme (RDP) Fund tabled on 31 October
Short definition	Section 8 of the PFMA requires consolidated annual financial statements to be prepared and tabled. The RDP Act requires annual financial statements (AFS) for the RDP fund.
Purpose/importance	Audited financial statements for stakeholders on the results, and consolidated results for the year
Source/collection of data	Tabled RDP financial Statements
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of consolidated annual financial statements
Data limitation	The consolidated AFS depends on receiving audited financial statements from all entities and departments. Delay in submissions from significant entities delays the submission of consolidated AFS.
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Tabling the appropriate quality of financial statement annually, on 31 October
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Accounting Support and Reporting

Performance Indicator no 5.2.5	
Indicator title	Percentage of the public financial management education, training and development implementation plan achieved.
Short definition	Research, develop and pilot the delivery of the public financial management education, training and development solutions.
Purpose/importance	The development of PFM ETD solutions that have specific relevance to the public sector in order to support the development of a cadre of high performance officials
Source/collection of data	ETD solutions and project reports
Method of	Number of PFM ETD solutions implemented X 100
calculation	Number of PFM ETD solutions planned
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	PFM ETD solutions developed and piloted as per the PFM ETD implementation plan
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Capacity Building

Performance Indicator no 5.2.6		
Indicator title	Number of municipal officials trained in financial management competencies.	
Short definition	Provide training that enables municipal officials to comply with the financial management competency requirements of their positions, in alignment with the municipal regulations	
Purpose/importance	Promote compliance with required financial management minimum competency levels	
Source/collection of data	Data collated from various sources – Local Government Sector Education and Training Authority (LGSETA), listed training providers and municipalities – and maintained on a central learner management database	
Method of calculation	Simple count of municipal officials trained	
Data limitation	Data is captured in basic Excel which is onerous and needs automation for better disaggregation and analysis.	
Type of indicator	Activity	
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	Revised	
Desired performance	Provide training for at least 1000 learners per year	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Capacity Building	

Performance Indicator no 5.2.7		
Indicator title	Percentage of the public financial management capacity development strategy (CDS) implementation plan achieved.	
Short definition	Perform activities that support the achievement of the objectives of the CDS as defined in the annual CDS implementation plan	
Purpose/importance	The CDS provides a holistic, systemic and integrated approach to addressing the capacity constraints across government in order to achieve excellence in the management of public funds	
Source/collection of data	<ul> <li>Capacity Development Strategy implementation plan</li> <li>Reports on progress made on the implementation plan</li> </ul>	
Method of calculation	CDS implementation plan activities implemented X 100 CDS implementation plan activities due for implementation	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	Revised	
Desired performance	Capacity Development Strategy implementation plan activities implemented according to the implementation plan	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Capacity Building	

Performance Indicator no 5.2.8		
Indicator title	Percentage of qualifying trainees that participate in the academic support programme for prospective chartered accountants	
Short definition	The programme is intended to provide academic support to CA Trainees pursuing the chartered accountants profession	
Purpose/importance	To contribute to addressing the shortage of financial management skills within the public sector	
Source/collection of data	A list of participants in the CA academic support programme	
Method of calculation	Number of qualifying candidates participating in the academic support programme X 100  Total number of qualifying candidates	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annually	
New indicator	Revised	
Desired performance	Support provided to the target number of CA Trainees	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Capacity Building	

Performance Indicato	or no 5.2.9
Indicator title	Number of municipalities monitored to comply with minimum competencies regulations for financial management
Short definition	As part of ensuring good financial management is practiced by municipalities, municipalities will be monitored to ensure that they comply with the minimum competencies regulations for financial management
Purpose/importance	Good financial management is a challenge at local government hence interventions to address compliance with good financial management is a priority for local government
Source/collection of data	Compliance Reports
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of municipalities monitored
Data limitation	Late submission of relevant information by municipalities to monitor processes and progress made
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annual
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Municipalities comply with minimum competencies regulations for financial management
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Internal Audit Support Chief Directorate: Risk Management

Performance Indicator no 5.2.10	
Indicator title	Number of municipalities that received disclaimers and adverse opinions prioritized by NT and PT for support
Short definition	Strengthening of governance
Purpose/importance	Efficient, effective and economic use of resources
Source/collection of data	Auditor-General's reports
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitation	none
Type of indicator	Activity
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Reduction in the number of findings
Indicator responsibility	CD Internal Audit Support

## **Strategic Objective 5.3**

Manage existing financial systems and renew these as required to exercise comprehensive financial management

## Performance Indicator no 5.3

Performance Indicator no 5.3	
Indicator title	Percentage alignment of financial management systems to regulations, policies and instructions
Short definition	Manage existing financial systems and renew these as required to exercise comprehensive financial management
Purpose/importance	Maintain existing financial systems including the provision of reliable, efficient and effective support and user training over the medium term
Source/collection of data	Call centre logs, mainframe audit trails and other formal user requests
Method of calculation	Number of financial management systems aligned to regulations, policies and instructions x 100
	Total number of financial management systems
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Maintain 98 percent availability of systems during working hours
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate : Financial Systems

Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 5.3.1	
Indicator title	Percentage Availability of current transversal systems	
Short definition	Maintenance of current transversal systems: Basic Accounting System (BAS), Financial Management System (FMS), Logis, Persal and Vulindlela	
	Ensure that these systems are available to government users during working hours in line with SLA agreements	
Purpose/importance	Ensure that transversal financial management systems continue to operate within agreed parameters	
Source/collection of data	Call centre logs, mainframe audit trails and other formal user requests	
Method of calculation	Number of normal working days – number of normal working days mainframe was unavailable) X100  Number of normal working days	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Output and efficiency	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	No	
Desired performance	Maintain 98 percent availability of systems during working hours or in line with SLA with service provider	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate : Financial Systems	

Performance Indicator no 5.3.2	
Indicator title	Number of generic solution configuration templates completed
Short definition	The generic solution template is the standard processes, customisations and configurations to be applied by departments falling under the Public Services Act.
Purpose/importance	Standardisation of government policies and procedures which will also result in a reduction of implementation costs as well as the longer-term hosting and maintenance costs.
Source/collection of data	Solution within a testing / development environment
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of generic solution configuration templates completed
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Single Global Template for PSA departments
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate : IFMS

Performance Indicator no 5.3.3	
Indicator title	Number of IFMS comprehensive implementation strategies published
Short definition	To facilitate full implementation, IFMS implementation strategies will be published
Purpose/importance	To support the complete implementation of IFMS
Source/collection of data	Published IFMS implementation strategies
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of IFMS comprehensive implementation strategies published
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annual
New indicator	No
Desired performance	IFMS implementation
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate : IFMS

Strategic Objective 5.4 Modernise SCM policies and procedures	
Performance Indicato	r no 5.4
Indicator title	Percentage of revise SCM Process and Procedures published
Short definition	Modernise SCM policies and procedures
Purpose/importance	Comprehensive review of SCM policies to ensure a simplified and modernised SCM environment in government, including the amendment of processes and procedures in line with the revised policies
Source/collection of data	Research reports from the dti and input from Economic Policy
Method of calculation	Number of revise SCM Process and Procedures published x 100 Total number of SCM Process and Procedures revised
Data limitation	Inputs from key stakeholders affecting the quality of information and/or responses received (where required)
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Instructions issued after taking into account relevant economic factors
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: SCM Policy and Legal

Performance Indicator no 5.4.1	
Indicator title	Number of Instructions issued in line with policy interventions and proposed designated products or categories to enhance SCM Policy
Short definition	Issue instructions designating certain sectors or products with a stipulated minimum threshold for local production and content
Purpose/importance	To ensure that local industrial development imperatives are achieved
Source/collection of data	Research reports from the dti and input from Economic Policy
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of Instructions issued
Data limitation	Inputs from key stakeholders affecting the quality of information and/or responses received (where required)
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Instructions issued after taking into account relevant economic factors
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: SCM Policy and Legal

Strategic Objective 5.5 Monitor and evaluate SCM performance	
Performance Indicato	or no 5.5
Indicator title	Percentage of SCM performance monitoring reports published on the website
Short definition	Monitor and evaluate SCM performance
Purpose/importance	Exercise oversight over SCM policies, procedures, norms and standards. This will entail oversight of: Published procurement plans Published deviations and contract expansions Bid specifications and procurement plans against SCM policies and procedures Bid evaluation and adjudication to ensure compliance with evaluation criteria/scoring Implementation of projects against contract specifications and conditions of tender
Source/collection of data	Data is obtained from the departments/ entities
Method of calculation	Number of SCM performance monitoring reports published on the website X 100  Total number of SCM performance monitoring reports concluded
Data limitation	Only the information received from the departments and public entities is published
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Oversight over SCM policies, procedures, norms and standards to ensure compliance with evaluation criteria/scoring Implementation of projects against contract specifications and conditions of tender
Indicator responsibility	Process owner: Chief Director: SCM – GMC Managing and reporting Directorate: Monitoring and Compliance

Performance Indicator no 5.5.1	
Indicator title	Percentage of Departments' / Entities' quarterly performance information reports reviewed in terms of variations and deviations
Short definition	Deviations and Variations published to create openness and transparency on awards outside of the competitive bidding process
Purpose/importance	Enhance transparency and openness in the procurement process
Source/collection of data	Data is obtained from the departments/ entities
Method of calculation	Number of deviation/expansion reviewed x100 Number of deviation/ expansion received
Data limitation	Data received can be published
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	That the procurement through deviations/ variations be reduced
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: SCM – Governance Monitoring Compliance

Performance Indicator no 5.5.2	
Indicator title	Percentage of procurement plans published on the e-tender
	portal
Short definition	Procurement plans published to ensure transparent and highlight
	business possible opportunities.
Purpose/importance	To notify public on business opportunities available from various
	state institutions.
Source/collection of	Procurement plans
data	1 Toddiomont plane
Method of	Number of procurement plans published on the e-tender portal X
calculation	100
	Number of procurement plans received
Data limitation	Only the information received from the departments and public
Data illintation	entities is published
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired	Puninger to take adventage of the business enpertunities
performance	Business to take advantage of the business opportunities
Indicator	Process owner : Chief Director: SCM – GMC
responsibility	Managing and reporting: SCM Governance

Performance Indicator no 5.5.3	
Indicator title	Percentage of bid specifications reviewed for alignment with policy and other applicable procurement instructions
Short definition	Review bid specifications to ensure compliance with policy, norms and standards and any SCM prescripts
Purpose/importance	Ensure that bid specifications are unbiased and transparent
Source/collection of data	<ul><li>Evidence of reviews conducted</li><li>Number of reports issued to bid specification owners</li></ul>
Method of calculation	Bid specifications reviewed X 100 Bid specifications received
Data limitation	Long turnaround times if clients do not respond on time on queries raised
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Review all bid specifications received
Indicator responsibility	Process owner: Chief Director: SCM – GMC Managing and reporting Directorate: Monitoring and Compliance

Performance Indicator no 5.5.4	
Indicator title	Percentage of bid evaluation and adjudications reviewed to ensure compliance with the criterial scoring specified in bidding documents.
Short definition	Review minutes of bid evaluation and adjudication to assess objectivity of bid award process and ensure that evaluation and adjudication are aligned with the bid specification and the general and specific bid conditions
Purpose/importance	To ensure and assess the fairness of the tender award process
Source/collection of data	Bid evaluation and adjudication minutes received from state institutions
Method of calculation	Number of reviewed bid evaluation and adjudication (Minutes) X 100 Total number of bid evaluation and adjudication received
Data limitation	Long turnaround times if clients do not respond on time on queries raised.
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Review all bid evaluation and adjudication minutes
Indicator responsibility	Process owner: Chief Director: SCM - GMC Managing and reporting Directorate: Monitoring and Compliance

Performance Indicator no 5.5.5	
Indicator title	Percentage of contracts awarded reviewed to verify if contract delivery is in line with the specifications.
Short definition	Review of contracts and provide guidance (and advice to departments) to ensure compliance with ToR, SLA and specification.
Purpose/importance	Ensure that goods and service are delivered in-line with specification.
Source/collection of data	Contracts from state institutions
Method of	Number of contracts reviewed X 100
calculation	Total number of contracts received
Data limitation	Long turnaround times if clients do not respond on time on queries raised
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Compliance with ToR, SLA and specifications
Indicator	Process Owner: Chief Director: SCM - GMC
responsibility	Managing and reporting Directorate: Monitoring and Compliance

Performance Indicator no 5.5.6	
Indicator title	Percentage of projects visited to verify if the delivery of awarded contracts is aligned with the contract conditions
Short definition	The verification of projects including the goods, services and works delivered.
Purpose/importance	Ensure that goods, services and works delivered are compliant to the specification.
Source/collection of data	Identified projects from various sources
Method of	Projects verified X 100
calculation	Projects identified
Data limitation	Delay in confirmation from institutions.
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired	Ensure that goods, services and works delivered are compliant to
performance	the specifications
Indicator	Process Owner: Chief Director: SCM - GMC
responsibility	Managing and reporting Directorate: Monitoring and Compliance

Strategic Objective 5.6  Develop and implement strategic procurement	
Performance Indicator	no 5.6
Indicator title	Strategy for strategic procurement implemented
Short definition	Develop and implement strategic procurement
Purpose/importance	Implementation of a strategic procurement framework, guidelines and tools in order to contribute to efficient and effective procurement by expanding centre-led contracting for common goods and service
Source/collection of data	From stakeholders
Method of calculation	Simple count – Strategy for strategic procurement developed
Data limitation	Fragmented data sources
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Optimise performance, minimise costs, improve access to business opportunities in line with B-BEEE policy and increase value per rand spent
Indicator responsibility	OCPO: CD-Strategic Procurement

Indicator 5.6.1	
Indicator title	Number of proposals for strategic sourcing opportunities
Short definition	The identification of new opportunities (Transversal, departmental, sectoral) to apply strategic sourcing on commodities/ services in order to improve efficiency and realise savings for government
Purpose/importance	To ensure a continuous stream of projects to realise government's savings objectives
Source/collection of data	Various ERP systems across government (BAS, LOGIS, Payment systems, Order systems)
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of proposals
Data limitation	Fragmented systems; no standard item classification and codification system
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Higher than targeted performance
Indicator responsibility	OCPO: CD-Strategic Procurement

Performance Indicator no 5.6.2	
Indicator title	Number of sourcing strategies for identified commodities/ Procurement categories developed
Short definition	Development of sourcing strategies for identified commodities/procurement categories on a project basis, using the SPF
Purpose/importance	Ensure a collaborative, structured and systematic approach to analysing commodity spend, establishing demand and understanding market dynamics; using this information to acquire goods and services effectively; and supporting government's service delivery objectives.
Source/collection of data	Financial systems, Order systems, Payment Systems
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of sourcing strategies developed
Data limitation	Fragmented data sources Lack of standardised procurement reporting
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Reduced expenditure; improved service delivery; improved supplier performance
Indicator responsibility	OCPO: CD-Strategic Procurement

Performance Indicator no 5.6.3	
Indicator title	Number of sourcing strategies for identified commodities/ Procurement categories implemented
Short definition	Implementation of sourcing strategies for commodities/procurement categories that were developed in the previous cycle
Purpose/importance	Ensure a collaborative, structured and systematic approach to implementing sourcing strategies and ensuring proper stakeholder management for a smooth transition.
Source/collection of data	From stakeholders
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of sourcing strategies implemented
Data limitation	Fragmented data sources Lack of standardised procurement reporting
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Reduced expenditure; improved service delivery; improved supplier performance
Indicator responsibility	OCPO: CD-Strategic Procurement

Performance Indicator no 5.6.4	
Indicator title	Number of on-boarding, monitoring and benefits tracking on sourcing strategies
Short definition	Monitoring and evaluating the progress of implemented sourcing strategies, in terms of benefits achieved.
Purpose/importance	To determine the success of implemented sourcing strategies
Source/collection of data	Defined KPI's and standard templates
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of on-boarding, monitoring and benefits tracking on sourcing strategies
Data limitation	Fragmented data sources  Lack of standardised procurement reporting  Lack of response by Department of reporting requirements
Type of indicator	Inputs and Outputs
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Reduced expenditure; improved service delivery; improved supplier performance
Indicator responsibility	OCPO: CD-Strategic Procurement

Performance Indicator no 5.6.5	
Indicator title	Number of transversal term contracts renewed per annum for National Procurement
Short definition	A transversal contract refers to a contract for common goods or services or ad hoc goods and services in which more than one government institution participates.  A national procurement system refers to expansion of the present portfolio of transversal contracts to include various commodities purchased routinely by departments.
Purpose/importance	Contracts are maintained and sourced primarily to achieve economies of scale through bulk purchasing
Source/collection of data	An annual transversal term contract register is maintained by the Chief Directorate: Transversal Contracting
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of transversal term contracts
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Maintain and establish transversal term contracts that achieve value for money and improved service delivery
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Transversal Contracts

Performance Indicator no 5.6.6	
Indicator title	Number of procurement spend reports published
Short definition	Procurement spend information gathered from various sources, cleaned up, mapped, analysed, visualised and reported.
Purpose/importance	To provide transparency in government spending categories, in order to determine opportunities for strategic sourcing
Source/collection of data	Various ERP systems across government (BAS, LOGIS, Payment systems, Order systems)
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of procurement spend reports published
Data limitation	Fragmented systems; no standard item classification and codification system
Type of indicator	Measures input, activity and output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Quality and accurate data and reporting
Indicator responsibility	OCPO: CD-Strategic Procurement

Strategic Objective 5.7 Build and strengthen stakeholder relations	
Performance Indicato	or no 5.7
Indicator title	Build and strengthen stakeholder relations
Short definition	Provide an environment for SCM engagements and for support to stakeholders/clients
Purpose/importance	To provide stakeholders with information necessary to engage with government and inter-governmental structures will be supported through approaches fitting for each client to ensure their mandates are carried out with the correct understanding and interpretation of expectations.
Source/collection of data	Where minutes are available these will be provided. Where none exist like workshops, calendars will be provided
Method of calculation	Simple count – Develop stakeholder engagement model
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Developed stakeholder engagement model
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Stakeholders & Clients Management

Performance Indicator no 5.7.1	
Indicator title	Percentage of external stakeholder engagements held
Short definition	The Stakeholders & Clients management is responsible for providing a platform for both the OCPO and stakeholders to engage on issues that affect both parties emanating from both sides.  It also provides support to inter-governmental structures on the SCM related issues.
Purpose/importance	To provide stakeholders with information necessary to engage with government and inter-governmental structures will be supported through approaches fitting for each client to ensure their mandates are carried out with the correct understanding and interpretation of expectations.
Source/collection of	Where minutes are available these will be provided. Where none
data	exist like workshops, calendars will be provided
Method of	Number of engagements held x 100
calculation	Number of planned engagements
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Ensure that the role-players within the SCM environment understand their role in each part of the chain and carries out these as outlined.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Stakeholders & Clients Management

Performance Indicator no 5.7.2		
Indicator title	Number of departments and entities supported on supply chain	
Short definition	The Stakeholders & Clients management is responsible for setting up an email facility and a walk in centre to facilitate the payment of suppliers by Departments, Constitutional Institutions, and Public Entities listed in Schedule 2 and 3, within 30 days from receipt of an invoice.	
	It also provides support to inter-governmental structures on the SCM related issues.	
Purpose/importance	Ensure payment of suppliers through facilitation and implementation of Instruction Note 5 of 2016/17.	
Source/collection of data	Queries lodge by affected service providers	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of departments and entities supported	
Data limitation	Contracts entered into without following prescribed procurement processes	
Type of indicator	Activity	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	Yes	
Desired performance	Ensure that department comply and adhere to the 30 day payment instruction note	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Stakeholders & Clients Management	

Strategic Objective 5.8 Modernise and automate SCM processes		
Performance Indicato	or no 5.8	
Indicator title	e-Procurement implemented	
Short definition	Modernise and automate SCM processes	
Purpose/importance	Modernise ICT to improve SCM performance and reduce the amount of paper used in processing transactions	
Source/collection of data	Solution maintained by the OCPO's SCM ICT and policy guidelines will be used for the implementation of the solution.	
Method of calculation	Simple count – Develop e-procurement	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annually	
New indicator	Yes	
Desired performance	Modernise and automate SCM processes	
Indicator responsibility	National Treasury OCPO: Chief Directorate SCM ICT	

Performance Indicator no 5.8.1		
Indicator title	Number of departments enabled on an centralised electronic quotation system	
Short definition	Develop an efficient way of allowing request for quotations and submission of quotations to be facilitated electronically thus improving efficiency.	
Purpose/importance	It offers government the opportunity to increase its efficiency in conducting business whilst reducing costs.	
Source/collection of data	Solution maintained by the OCPO's SCM ICT and policy guidelines will be used for the implementation of the solution.	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of departments	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	Yes	
Desired performance	Enable better SCM performance and efficiency	
Indicator responsibility	National Treasury OCPO: Chief Directorate SCM ICT	

Performance Indicator no 5.8.2		
Indicator title	Number of tenders submitted on an electronic tendering platform for transversal contracts	
Short definition	Develop an efficient way of conducting commercial transactions online on the world wide web, to reduce time of processing tenders.	
Purpose/importance	It offers government the opportunity to increase its efficiency in conducting business whilst reducing costs.	
Source/collection of data	Solution maintained by the OCPO's SCM ICT and policy guidelines will be used for the implementation of the solution.	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of tenders	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	Yes	
Desired performance	Enable better SCM performance	
Indicator responsibility	National Treasury OCPO: Chief Directorate SCM ICT	

Performance Indicator no 5.8.3		
Indicator title	Number of contract management solution developed and implemented	
Short definition	Develop an efficient way of managing supply chain management contracts through an easily accessible means over the internet	
Purpose/importance	It offers government the opportunity to increase its efficiency in conducting business whilst reducing costs.	
Source/collection of data	The solution will be maintained by the OCPO's SCM ICT	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of contract management solution developed and implemented	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annually	
New indicator	Yes	
Desired performance	Enable better SCM performance	
Indicator responsibility	National Treasury OCPO: Chief Directorate SCM ICT	

Performance Indicator no 5.8.4		
Indicator title	Number of business processes defined for SCM stream of IFMS	
Short definition	Compiled business processes to be implemented on the IFMS SCM module	
Purpose/importance	It offers government the opportunity to increase its efficiency in conducting business whilst reducing costs.	
Source/collection of data	The solution will be maintained by the OCPO's SCM ICT	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of business processes	
Data limitation	None	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	Yes	
Desired performance	Enable better SCM performance	
Indicator responsibility	National Treasury OCPO: Chief Directorate SCM ICT	

## **Programme 6**

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Advance South Africa's interests specifically, and those of Africa more generally, through regular strategic analysis, engagements and negotiations at regional and global financial and economic forums

## Performance Indicator no 6.1

Performance Indicator no 6.1		
Indicator title	Number of initiatives conducted to advance South Africa's interests specifically, and those of Africa more generally	
Short Definition	Assessing the content and context of current policy debates and expanding awareness of them and managing the relationship between South Africa and selected public finance and development institutions, with particular focus on implementation of agreements	
Purpose/importance	Advance South Africa's interests specifically, and those of Africa more generally, through regular strategic analysis, engagements and negotiations at regional and global financial and economic forums	
Source/collection of data	Reports or minutes on intervention, linked directly to the increased presence at the particular institutions	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of initiatives	
Data limitation	Evidence that refers to documents that are confidential or secret and not for public consumption	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annual	
New indicator	Yes	
Desired performance	Actual decisions / votes / policy positions / changes in processes that benefit SA	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: African Economic Integration Chief Directorate: Multilateral Development Banks and Concessional Finance Chief Directorate: Global and Emerging Markets	

Indicator 6.1.1		
Indicator title	Percentage of obligations towards international agreements met monitored	
Short definition	Ensuring monitoring of the meeting of obligations arising from the international agreements that National Treasury is party to. Furthermore to identify the potential benefits and risks which South Africa could incur as a result of signing specific agreements.	
Purpose/importance	To ensure that South Africa complies with, and is able to demonstrate such compliance, to international agreements that the National Treasury is party to.	
Source/collection of data	Relevant international agreements. Through an obligation monitoring register that will include the following: Name of agreement; List of obligations; Status of obligations; Remedial action taken if appropriate, Document evidence reference	
Method of calculation	Number of obligations towards international agreements met monitored Number of obligations towards international agreements x100	
Data limitation	Evidence that refers to documents that are confidential or secret and not for public consumption. International Agreements only refers to those international agreements that the National Treasury is party to.	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	No	
Desired performance	Contributed and supported the implementation of all relevant international agreements' obligations	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: Multilateral Development Banks and Concessional Finance Chief Directorate: African Economic Integration Chief Directorate: Global and Emerging Markets	

Performance Indicator no 6.1.2		
Indicator title	Percentage response to customer requests on mandatory briefing notes and analysis	
Short definition	A briefing note contains the facts, detailed information and/or a country position that should be used as a guide for a particular meeting.	
	Analyses refer to the synthesis of data in a manner that draws indications, inferences or bases for recommendations.	
	Mandatory refers to customer requests either received in respect of meetings or as determined by the agenda of the designated meetings, including but not limited to the following organisations: SADC, SACU, AU, ARF, G20; BRICS, WB&IMF, AfDB, OECD, WEF, WEF AFRICA, IDA, ADF, PARIS CLUB, Financing for Climate Change, Financing for Development and Sustainable Developed Goals, UNECA, G24, Commonwealth	
	Customers includes but is not limited to the Minister of Finance, Director-General of National Treasury, Presidency	
Purpose/importance	To further the interests of South Africa by influencing the agenda, proceedings and outcomes of meetings.	
Source/collection of data	Analysis and briefs on current issues are compiled by the relevant Chief Directorates within IREP. Requests and responses are recorded in registers within the relevant Chief Directorates.	
Method of calculation	$\frac{\text{Number of customer requests responded to}}{\text{Total number of customer requestss}} x 100$	
Data limitation	Evidence that refers to documents that are confidential or secret and not for public consumption	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	Yes	
Desired performance	Responded to all requests by customers	
Indicator	Chief Directorate: Global and Emerging Markets	
responsibility	Chief Directorates: Multilateral Development Banks and Concessional Finance	
	Chief Directorate: Country and Thematic Analysis	
	Chief Directorate: African Economic Integration	

Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 6.1.3		
Indicator title	Percentage response to customer requests on ad-hoc briefing notes and analysis		
Short definition	A briefing note contains the facts, detailed information and/or a country position that should be used as a guide for a particular meeting.		
	Analyses refer to the synthesis of data in a manner that draws indications, inferences or bases for recommendations.		
	Ad-hoc refers to customer requests arising from non-agenda meetings, including but not limited to the following organisations: SADC, SACU, AU, ARF, G20; BRICS, WB&IMF, AfDB, OECD, WEF, WEF AFRICA, IDA, ADF, PARIS CLUB, Financing for Climate Change, Financing for Development and Sustainable Developed Goals, UNECA, G24, Commonwealth		
	Customers includes but is not limited to the Minister of Finance, Director-General of National Treasury, Presidency		
Purpose/importance	To further the interests of South Africa by influencing the agenda, proceedings and outcomes of meetings.		
Source/collection of data	Analysis and briefs on current issues are compiled by the relevant Chief Directorates within IREP.		
	Requests and responses are recorded in registers within the relevant Chief Directorates.		
Method of calculation	$\frac{\textit{Number of responses to customer requests on ad-hoc briefing notes and analyse}}{\textit{Total number of customer requests on ad-hoc briefing notes and analyses}} x 100$		
Data limitation	Evidence that refer to documents that are confidential or secret and not for public consumption		
Type of indicator	Output		
Calculation type	Non-cumulative		
Reporting cycle	Quarterly		
New indicator	Yes		
Desired performance	Responded to all requests by customers		
Indicator	Chief Directorate: Global and Emerging Markets		
responsibility	Chief Directorates: Multilateral Development Banks and Concessional Finance		
	Chief Directorate: Country and Thematic Analysis		
	Chief Directorate: African Economic Integration		

Strategic Objective 6.2 Increase Africa's voice and South Africa's influence in international institutions and forums		
Performance Indicator	no 6.2	
Indicator title	Secure the 3rd Chair for Sub-Sahara Africa in the IMF Board implemented	
Short Definition	Increase Africa's voice and South Africa's influence in international institutions and forums	
Purpose/importance	Strengthen and expand South Africa's engagement in key institutions and with partners at selected policy for an Increase capital participation (as appropriate) to more firmly anchor South Africa's role in advancing governance reform and pressing for improved effectiveness in the delivery of institutional / organisational mandates	
Source/collection of data	Reports / motivations	
Method of calculation	Simple count	
Data limitation	Evidence that refers to documents that are confidential or secret and not for public consumption	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annual	
New indicator	Yes	
Desired performance	Increase Africa's voice and South Africa's influence in international institutions and forums	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: African Economic Integration Chief Directorate: Multilateral Development Banks and Concessional Finance Chief Directorate: Global and Emerging Markets	

Performance Indicator no 6.2.1	
Indicator title	Number of interventions to increase South Africa's presence within institutions of particular strategic value
Short Definition	Increasing influence in these institutions in line with SA's interests specifically and Africa's interests generally. This can be done through, but is not limited to, placing individuals at institutions such as the SADC Secretariat, influencing and achieving the appointment of a SA Executive Director at the AfDB and an alternate Executive Director at the WB and IMF
Purpose/importance	Increasing South Africa's presence in strategically valuable institutions, such as the AfDB, World Bank, IMF and OECD; through appropriate means and measures.
Source/collection of data	Reports or minutes on intervention, linked directly to the increased presence at the particular institutions
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of interventions
Data limitation	Evidence that refers to documents that are confidential or secret and not for public consumption
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annual
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Actual decisions / votes / policy positions / changes in processes that benefit SA
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: African Economic Integration Chief Directorate: Multilateral Development Banks and Concessional Finance Chief Directorate: Global and Emerging Markets

Performance Indicator	Performance Indicator no 6.2.2	
Indicator title	Percentage of interventions in pursuit of institutional reform implemented	
Short definition	The implementation of a plan to effect interventions in pursuit of institutional reform. This includes, but is not limited to, institutional reform and budget reform within AU structures, the establishment of a 3 <sup>rd</sup> chair for SSA in the IMF Board.	
Purpose/importance	This pursuit of institutional reform is intended to advance South Africa's interests specifically, and those of Africa more generally.	
Source/collection of data	The implementation plan; Monitoring reports; Evidence of plan implemented	
Method of calculation	$\frac{\text{Number of interventions implemented}}{\text{Total number of interventions planned to be implemented}} x 100$	
Data limitation	Evidence that refers to documents that are confidential or secret and not for public consumption	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	Revised	
Desired performance	To contribute towards the improvement of institutional reforms / effect change in institutions	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: African Economic Integration Chief Directorate: Multilateral Development Banks and Concessional Finance Chief Directorate: Global and Emerging Markets	

Strategic Objective 6.3 Support an enabling environment for increased economic activity within Africa	
Performance Indicator	r no 6.3
Indicator title	African strategy implemented
Short definition	To support an enabling environment for increased economic activity within Africa
Purpose/importance	Promote regional economic integration and strengthen economic links within Africa by: Encouraging increased cooperation and investment that support improved interconnectedness in the region Expanding bilateral engagements on issues of mutual interest
Source/collection of data	Reports / minutes / consultation records
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitation	Evidence that refers to documents that are confidential or secret and not for public consumption
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annual
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	African strategy implemented
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: African Economic Integration

Performance Indicator	r no 6.3.1
Indicator title	Number of initiatives to expand relations with key strategic partners
Short definition	To develop a coherent engagement strategy for Africa and to refine the implementation of the strategy over the medium-term.
Purpose/importance	To expand relations with key strategic partners
Source/collection of data	Reports / minutes / consultation records
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of initiatives
Data limitation	Evidence that refers to documents that are confidential or secret and not for public consumption
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annual
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Re-scope the development of an Africa strategy.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: African Economic Integration

Performance Indicator no 6.3.2	
Indicator title	Percentage implementation of identified projects and plans to accelerate regional integration
Short definition	To help SA achieve its strategic objectives and contribute to increased economic activity in the region. This will be done, but is not limited by, the contribution towards the establishment of a North South Corridor Management Institute, facilitating Cabinet approval and implementation of the draft policy on One Stop Border Posts for South Africa, promotion of foreign domestic investment and regional integration through the hosting of the World Economic Forum for Africa.
Purpose/importance	In order to exploit opportunities with key strategic partners, an alignment of interests and mutual awareness of available opportunities is necessary with the ultimate goal to accelerate regional integration
Source/collection of data	The implementation plan; Monitoring reports; Evidence of plan implemented
Method of calculation	$\frac{\text{Number of achieved initiatives}}{\text{Total number of initiatives planned}} \text{x} 100$
Data limitation	Evidence that refer to documents that are confidential or secret and not for public consumption
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Establishment structures, development of policies, hosting of events that promote regional integration. Increased exchange of views and improved alignment of interests using various platforms.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Directorate: African Economic Integration Chief Directorate: Multilateral Development Banks and Concessional Finance

# Programme 7

Strategic Objective 7.1 Ensure good governance and robust control environment for fund administration	
Performance Indicato	r no 7.1
Indicator title	Improved audit outcome
Short definition	Ensure good governance and a robust control environment for fund administration
Purpose/importance	Ensure effective administration of funds where funds paid to eligible applicants and recipients are accurate, punctual and cost effective as required by the applicable legislation
Source/collection of data	Auditor-General's report
Method of calculation	Simple count – No repeat findings
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Good governance and a robust control environment for fund administration
Indicator responsibility	General Manager: Programme 7 (GPAA)

Performance Indicator no 7.1.1	
Indicator title	Percentage of benefits validated for payments paid within liable dates
Short definition	Payments of validated benefits on time:  • Post-retirement medical benefits validated and paid within 45 days  • Injury on duty benefits validated and paid within 45 days  • Special pension benefits validated and paid within 45 days  • Military pensions benefits validated and paid within 45 days  • Other benefits validated and paid within 45 days
Purpose/importance	To measure the level of time it takes from receiving complete documents, processed, validated and payments of benefits within liability date
Source/collection of data	Applications, Awards, Schedules of Members from medical schemes. Reports of all benefits applications received and paid in a particular period.
Method of calculation	Number of benefits validated for payment paid within liability date during the reporting period X 100  Total number of benefits applications received
Data limitation	Delays by Employer in submitting original awards from Compensation Fund for IOD, delays by applicants in submission of banking details for SP and MP, employers submitting of Postretirement medical benefit forms to GPAA with errors.
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Pay all validated benefits within the liable dates
Indicator responsibility	General Manager: Programme 7 (GPAA)

Performance Indicator	Performance Indicator no 7.1.2	
Indicator title	Percentage Compliance with SLA between NT and GPAA specifically Programme 7 related indicators	
Short definition	Compliance to Service Level Agreement with National Treasury	
Purpose/importance	To track compliance with all predetermined service levels	
Source/collection of data	Systems reports : Excel spread sheets, MIS and CIVPEN	
Method of calculation	Total achieved SLA indicators X 100 Total number SLA indicators	
Data limitation	Delays by employer departments in submitting outstanding information to enable GPAA to process and finalize benefits in time	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	Revised	
Desired performance	To comply with customer service level agreement	
Indicator responsibility	General Manager: Programme 7 (GPAA)	

Performance Indicato	Performance Indicator no 7.1.3	
Indicator title	Percentage integrity of client data	
Short definition	To consistently improve client data integrity, to the extent that the quality of client information is consistently accurate, difficult to compromise and reliable	
Purpose/importance	To censure that the integrity and reliability of data meet high standard and free from the risks of incorrect payment of benefits	
Source/collection of data	Data script up against CIVPEN system and exceptions reports provided to management.	
Method of	Total exceptions resolved x 100	
calculation	Total number of data with issues at the beginning of the financial year	
Data limitation	Delays by IT in implementing proposed system changes to address data issues	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Quarterly	
New indicator	Revised	
Desired performance	Aim is to improve data quality by 80% from baseline	
Indicator responsibility	General Manager: Programme 7 (GPAA)	

Strategic Objective 7.2 Provide an improved and integrated customer service Experience	
Performance Indicato	or no 7.2
Indicator title	Percentage of customer service complaints responded to
Short definition	Receipt, acknowledgement and resolution of customer complaints within predetermined time frame.
Purpose/importance	To improve customer experience
Source/collection of data	Schedule of customer service complaints resolved within seven days
Method of calculation	Number of complaints resolved within seven days X 100 Total number of complaints received
Data limitation	Delays by Employer in submitting necessary information, delays by Appeal Board in finalization of appeal cases, Delays by Compensation Fund in addressing errors
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Maintain 100% complaint responded to within defined timeframes
Indicator responsibility	General Manager: Programme 7 (GPAA)

Indicator no 7.2.1	
Indicator title	Percentage of customer service complaints responded to within seven days
Short definition	Receipt, acknowledgement and resolution of customer complaints within predetermined time frame.
Purpose/importance	To improve customer experience
Source/collection of data	Schedule of customer service complaints resolved within seven days
Method of	Number of complaints resolved within seven days X 100
calculation	Total number of complaints received
Data limitation	Delays by Employer in submitting necessary information, delays by Appeal Board in finalization of appeal cases, Delays by Compensation Fund in addressing errors
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Maintain 100% complaint responded to within defined timeframes
Indicator responsibility	General Manager: Programme 7 (GPAA)

### Programme 8

## **Strategic Objective 8.1**

Establishment of GTAC as a centre of excellence in public sector advisory services, project management and public finance management

#### Performance Indicator no 8.1

renormance indicator no o. i	
Indicator title	Improved audit outcome
Short definition	Ensure good governance and internal controls
Purpose/importance	Ensure effective administration of funds where funds paid to eligible applicants and recipients are accurate, punctual and cost effective as required by the applicable legislation
Source/collection of data	Auditor-General's report
Method of calculation	None – Improved audit outcome
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Good governance and internal controls
Indicator responsibility	Financial Manager: Financial Management

Performance Indicator no 8.1.1	
Indicator title	Number of GTAC quarterly monitoring reports reporting on progress produced
Short definition	Reporting on operations of the Government Technical Advisory Centre. Progress of GTAC operations monitored through reports to DG and Minister.
Purpose/importance	<ul> <li>Managing the institutional relationship to ensure that GTAC efforts are aligned with the priorities of government and the Ministry of Finance by:</li> <li>Ensuring compliance with governance, reporting requirements and continued monitoring and evaluation of programme implementation</li> </ul>
Source/collection of data	APP Quarterly Reports to Minister of Finance
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitations	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Monthly, quarterly progress reports available as well as an annual report
Indicator responsibility	Senior Manager: Strategy, Management and Communication

Performance Indicator no 8.1.2	
Indicator title	Number of technical advisory projects supported
Short definition	<ul> <li>The number of projects supported during a defined period.</li> <li>A project is considered supported once it has been registered as a project on the Business Management Information System.</li> <li>Projects are categorised as New, Ongoing and Completed.</li> <li>New means it has been selected by the Project Selection Committee and is in the definition phase.</li> <li>Ongoing means that a project is being implemented</li> <li>Completed means that the project is closed and all related documentation has been uploaded in the Business Management Information System.</li> </ul>
Purpose/importance	To give an indication of the number of technical advisory projects supported by the GTAC.
Source/collection of data	Business Management Information System (BMIS and verified project list verified against the Business Management Information System.
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitations	The number of projects per status (pipeline, current and completed) is, by nature, variable. Therefore, the numbers reported reflect the system register at that particular date
Type of indicator	Activity
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Increase the number of projects supported within acceptable service parameters
Indicator responsibility	Senior Manager: Professional Management Services

Performance Indicator no 8.1.3	
Indicator title	Number of transaction advisory projects registered
Short definition	The number of projects registered in a defined period.  A transaction advisory project is considered registered if it is registered at national treasury and a letter has been sent through to PPP to initiate the project
Purpose/importance	To give an indication of the number of transaction advisory projects registered as required by Regulation 16
Source/collection of data	Transaction register of projects
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitations	None
Type of indicator	Activity
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annual
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Increase number of transaction advisory projects registered
Indicator responsibility	Head: Transaction Advisory Services

Performance Indicator no 8.1.4	
Indicator title	Number of capital project appraisal reports completed
Short definition	Provide advice on capital projects as agreed with relevant stakeholders in the National Treasury and line departments.  Capital projects relate to large multi-year projects relating to key government infrastructure, such as infrastructure required for provision of water and energy to all citizens.
Purpose/importance	Large capital projects require a focused and concerted approach to resolve challenges proactively and appropriately, where necessary. Key decisions on these matters have strategic impact which could involve several billions of Rands and influence service delivery for several years in the future.
Source/collection of data	Per programme project list; programme 8 and GTAC quarterly report
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitations	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Number of projects supported, in relation to the intended number (specified in the APP)
Indicator responsibility	Head: Capital Projects respectively

Performance Indicator no 8.1.5	
Indicator title	Number of performance and expenditure reviews completed
Short definition	Public Expenditure and Policy Analysis reviews seek to investigate the resourcing and performance of government operations, in relation to the applicable policy.
Purpose/importance	The Public Expenditure and Policy Analysis offers government the ability to re-calibrate, where necessary, the extent of resources to deliver on selected policies of government The policy custodian is engaged in the review and involved in the development of scenarios to achieve objectives most efficiently.
Source/collection of data	Per programme project list; programme 8 and GTAC quarterly report
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitations	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Number of Performance and Expenditure reviews completed according to the planned target in the annual performance plan
Indicator responsibility	Head: Public Expenditure and Policy Analysis

## **Strategic Objective 8.2**

Local government financial management improvement

## **Performance Indicator no 8.2**

Indicator title	Number of municipalities supported through Local Government Financial Management
Short definition	The MFIP II and the next version MFIP III programme is meant to support municipalities and provincial treasuries through placement of advisors to build institutional capacity to deliver on the MFMA reforms.
Purpose/importance	To assist municipalities build their capacity to deliver under the MFMA reforms.
Source/collection of data	Consolidated Quarterly MFIP III Progress Reports
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitations	Minimal data limitation as this is compiled using adopted and agreed upon provincial and municipal support plans which contains targets of achievement against identified outcome.
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Improved local government financial management
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Capacity Building, MFIP III Programme Management Unit

Performance Indicator no 8.2.1	
Indicator title	Transfer of the Financial Management Grant (FMG) funds to all municipalities
Short definition	The disbursement of the FMG allocations to all municipalities in the country as gazetted in the Division of Revenue Act (DoRA)
Purpose/importance	To promote and support reforms in financial management by building capacity in municipalities to implement the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA)
Source/collection of data	FMG Payment Schedule
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of municipalities to which funds were transferred
Data limitations	Verification of receipt of funds lies with municipalities
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	The transfer of the FMG allocation to all municipalities
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: MFMA Implementation Unit

Performance Indicator no 8.2.2	
Indicator title	Number of municipalities and provincial treasuries assisted through MFIP II
Short definition	The MFIP II and the next version MFIP III programme is meant to support municipalities and provincial treasuries through placement of advisors to build institutional capacity to deliver on the MFMA reforms.
Purpose/importance	To assist municipalities build their capacity to deliver under the MFMA reforms.
Source/collection of data	Consolidated Quarterly MFIP III Progress Reports
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitations	Minimal data limitation as this is compiled using adopted and agreed upon provincial and municipal support plans which contains targets of achievement against identified outcome.
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Actual performance that is higher than the target is more desirable
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Capacity Building, MFIP III Programme Management Unit

Strategic Objective 8.3 Promotion of urban integration and neighbourhood Development	
Performance Indicator no	8.3
Indicator title	Number of urban integration and neighbourhood development initiatives supported
Short definition	Promotion of urban integration and neighbourhood development
Purpose/importance	Promote public and private investment in city development, integrated urban networks and neighbourhood development initiatives
Source/collection of data	Plans are collected, reviewed by the NDPP and the status reflected via an Acceptance Letter. Deliverables are stored as records within the NDPP Unit File plan structure  Built Environment Performance Plans (BEPP) submitted by the municipalities
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitations	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Promotion of urban integration and neighbourhood Development
Indicator responsibility	Head: Neighbourhood Development Partnership Programme Cities Support Programme Chief Directorate: Provincial and Local Government Infrastructure

Performance Indicator no 8.3.1	
Indicator title	Number of precinct plans completed
Short definition	Detailed planning and design of precincts within the urban networks as identified by municipalities using a Transit Oriented Development approach, as outlined in the NDP Unit's Urban Hub Design Toolkit.
	The purpose of precinct plans are to:
	Identify land uses and reflect the long-term strategic spatial transformation plans at precinct level
Purpose/importance	<ul> <li>Lead to the identification and prioritisation of the Intergovernmental Project Pipeline</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Lead to the identification of non-capital interventions to unlock investment in precincts</li> </ul>
	Identify and unlock both public and private sector leverage
Source/collection of data	The plans are collected, reviewed by the NDPP and the status reflected via an Acceptance Letter. Deliverables are stored as records within the NDPP Unit File plan structure.
Method of calculation	Simple count
Data limitations	No real data limitations, as the NDP Unit assists municipalities in drafting the precinct plans via the Urban Hub Toolkit and a series of workshops and studio sessions until the plans meet predefined criteria.
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Actual performance that is higher than targeted in the corresponding Annual Performance Plan is desirable
Indicator responsibility	Head: Neighbourhood Development Partnership Programme

Performance Indicator no 8.3.2:	
Indicator title	Number of catalytic projects approved
Short definition	Catalytic project components are identified within strategic nodes, urban hubs, and secondary linkages as part of the precinct planning phase and also in rural areas. A list of prioritised catalytic projects (name, scope, completion dates and costs estimates) is developed in each identified Urban Hub precinct. Projects from the list are given "permission to proceed with implementation planning" as a result are regarded as approved.
Purpose/importance	<ul> <li>The purpose of approving catalytic projects are to:         <ul> <li>Link a municipality's development objectives and strategic planning processes to physical projects on the ground</li> <li>Target investment and development within strategically well-located areas to ensure value for money and to optimise impact</li> <li>Sequence the delivery and budgeting of identified and prioritised projects at the precinct level</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Ensure that the projects contribute as a catalytic investment to achieve a return of investment at third party leverage at the precinct level</li> <li>Improve the quality of life and the levels of access to opportunity for residents in South Africa's under-served neighbourhoods</li> </ul>
Source/collection of data	Municipal submissions of "Permission to Proceed with Planning" and "Permission to proceed with Construction" templates that are considered for approval by the NDPP
Method of calculation	Simple count of the approved catalytic projects
Data limitations	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Actual performance that is higher than targeted in the corresponding Annual Performance Plan is desirable
Indicator responsibility	Head: Neighbourhood Development Partnership Programme

Performance Indicator no 8.3.3	
Indicator title	Number of integrated projects in Integration Zones identified for planning
Short definition	Within the integration zones cities need to identify, plan and implement catalytic projects. These projects must be integrated (mixed land use, mixed income, leverage investment from the private sector (households/business).
Purpose/importance	Many projects are generally planned sectorally and the synergies and efficiencies (with regarding financing and outcomes) that can be generated through integration are not realised. Planning is a critical part of the project cycle. By undertaking the planning, a pipeline of projects is being developed and provides an indication of the potential number of projects that could be implemented
Source/collection of data	Built Environment Performance Plans submitted by municipalities
Method of calculation	Simple count of the number of integrated projects in Integration zones as reflected in the BEPP submitted to NT
Data limitations	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Increased number of integrated projects that are planned in the integration/spatial transformation zones by the public and private sector which contributes to the spatial transformation and inclusive growth in the cities.
Indicator responsibility	Cities Support Programme Chief Directorate : Provincial and Local Government Infrastructure

Performance Indicator no 8.3.4	
Indicator title	Number of integrated projects in Integration Zones under implementation
Short definition	The integration zones are spatially targeted areas for infrastructure investment by the cities sometimes in partnership with the private sector. The implementation phase of the projects include detailed design, construction and close out/completion.
Purpose/importance	Many projects are generally financed and implemented sectorally and the synergies and efficiencies (with regard to financing and sustainability etc) that can be generated through integration are not realised. It is important to measure the number of projects being implemented as this relates to the expenditure of the grant finance.
Source/collection of data	They are reflected in the Built Environment Performance Plans (BEPP) of the municipalities and submitted to National Treasury on a yearly basis
Method of calculation	Simple count of the number of projects under implementation in integration zones reflected in the BEPP submitted to NT for the year
Data limitations	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Increased number of projects that are implemented in the integration/ spatial transformation zones by the public and private sector which contributes to the spatial transformation and inclusive growth in the cities
Indicator responsibility	Cities Support Programme CD : Provincial and Local Government Infrastructure

Strategic Objective 8.4 Facilitation of employment creation and inclusive growth	
Performance Indicator no	8.4
Indicator title	Number of permanent jobs created (cumulative across the term of project)
Short definition	Denotes the number of projected new permanent jobs (or Full Time Equivalent) that is expected to be created as a result of Jobs Fund projects over the projects' contracted project life cycle.
Purpose/importance	Facilitation of employment creation and inclusive growth
Source/collection of data	Jobs Fund Investment Committee Minutes and decision records
Method of calculation	Simple count of approved projected permanent jobs to be created by projects by the end of their implementation cycle.
Data limitations	The data are accurate to the extent that projects have adequately projected the quantum of anticipated jobs to be created. These numbers can change (through IC approval) post approval and in the course of implementation on account of several factors, which may include: Economic growth, sector challenges that hinder performance; availability of sufficient matched funding which may impact of the project size; exchange rate; project terminations; project withdrawals; lapsed approval offers; etc.
Type of indicator	Outcome
Calculation type	Cumulative (project inception to date)
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Employment creation and inclusive growth
Indicator responsibility	Head: Social Security and Jobs Fund Project Management Unit

Performance Indicator no 8.4.1	
Indicator title	Number of Jobs Fund projects approved (cumulative across the term of project).
Short definition	Denotes the number of project applications approved by the Investment Committee per funding round from inception of the Fund to date.
Purpose/importance	To track the number of applications that have successfully met the Jobs Fund's competitive requirements and the extent to which the Jobs Fund is progressively meeting its strategic imperatives.
Source/collection of data	A list of the approved jobs fund projects or Investment Committee Minutes and decision records
Method of calculation	Simple count of all the applications that have been approved at a sitting of the Investment Committee meeting.
Data limitations	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Cumulative (from project inception to date)
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	No
Desired performance	A higher number of projects spread across the various funding windows are desirable.
Indicator responsibility	Head: Social Security and Jobs Fund Project Management Unit

Performance Indicator no 8.4.2	
Indicator title	Grant funding approved (cumulative across the term of project).
Short definition	<ul> <li>Denotes the quantum (in Rand value terms) of:</li> <li>Grant funds that has been allocated (Committed) for the implementation of approved portfolio projects and</li> </ul>
Purpose/importance	Represents the amount of grant funds committed to approved projects relative to the total MTEF allocations for grant awarding by the Jobs Fund and the amount of matched funding committed by project applicants.
Source/collection of data	Data is collected from Investment Committee Decision Records and meeting Minutes
Method of calculation	Simple count of the:  • total approved grant amount to be used for the implementation of approved projects
Data limitations	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Cumulative (project inception to date)
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Matched funding ratio as per approved project portfolio
Indicator responsibility	Head: Social Security and Jobs Fund Project Management Unit

Performance Indicator no 8.4.3	
Indicator title	Matched funding committed (cumulative across the term of project)
Short definition	Denotes the quantum (in Rand value terms) of:  • Matched funding committed
Purpose/importance	Represents the amount of grant funds committed to approved projects relative to the total MTEF allocations for grant awarding by the Jobs Fund and the amount of matched funding committed by project applicants.
Source/collection of data	Data is collected from Investment Committee Decision Records and meeting Minutes
Method of calculation	Simple count of the:  • total committed matched funding as reflected in Investment Committee meeting Minutes and decision record
Data limitations	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Cumulative (project inception to date)
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Amended to include matched funding committed
Desired performance	Matched funding ratio as per approved project portfolio
Indicator responsibility	Head: Social Security and Jobs Fund Project Management Unit

Performance Indicator no 8.4.4	
Indicator title	New jobs contracted (cumulative across the term of project).
Short definition	Denotes the number of projected new permanent jobs (or Full Time Equivalent) that is expected to be created as a result of Jobs Fund projects over the projects' contracted project life cycle.
Purpose/importance	The Jobs Fund intends to catalyse innovative and new approaches to the creation of sustainable jobs. This indicator demonstrates the progressive realisation of this Jobs Fund's objective through the measurement of projected permanent jobs anticipated by the contracted portfolio of projects.
Source/collection of data	Jobs Fund Investment Committee Minutes and decision records
Method of calculation	Simple count of approved projected permanent jobs to be created by projects by the end of their implementation cycle.
Data limitations	The data are accurate to the extent that projects have adequately projected the quantum of anticipated jobs to be created. These numbers can change (through IC approval) post approval and in the course of implementation on account of several factors, which may include: Economic growth, sector challenges that hinder performance; availability of sufficient matched funding which may impact of the project size; exchange rate; project terminations; project withdrawals; lapsed approval offers; etc.
Type of indicator	Outcome
Calculation type	Cumulative (project inception to date)
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	No
Desired performance	A higher performance against the targeted value is desirable.
Indicator responsibility	Head: Social Security and Jobs Fund Project Management Unit

Performance Indicator no 8.4.5	
Indicator title	Number of placements contracted (cumulative across the term of project).
Short definition	Denotes the number of projected job placements (with and beyond project partners) facilitated by Jobs Fund projects over their contracted project life cycle.
Purpose/importance	The Jobs Fund intends to catalyse innovative and new approaches to the creation of sustainable jobs. This indicator demonstrates the progressive realisation of this Jobs Fund's objective through the measurement of permanent placements expected to be unlocked by contracted projects.
Source/collection of data	Jobs Fund Investment Committee meeting minutes and decision records.
Method of calculation	Simple count of total approved projected job placements to be unlocked by projects by the end of their implementation cycle.
Data limitations	The data will be accurate to the extent that projects have adequately projected the quantum of anticipated job placements to be facilitated. These numbers can change (through IC approval) post approval and in the course of implementation on account of several factors, which may include: Economic growth, sector challenges that hinder performance, availability of demand, project terminations, withdrawals, lapsed approval offers, etc.
Type of indicator	Outcome
Calculation type	Cumulative(project inception to date)
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	No
Desired performance	A higher performance against the targeted value is desirable.
Indicator responsibility	Head: Social Security and Jobs Fund Project Management Unit

Performance Indicator no 8.4.6	
Indicator title	Number of training opportunities contracted (cumulative across the term of project).
Short definition	Denotes the projected number of beneficiaries to successfully complete training programmes provided by the Jobs Fund approved projects, over their contracted life cycle.
Purpose/importance	As part of its holistic value proposition, the Jobs Fund seeks to, amongst other things; improve the employability of the beneficiaries that participate in Jobs Fund supported projects. This indicator measures the projected number of beneficiaries that would successfully meet the requirements of such training programmes with a view to acquiring more tradable skills.
Source/collection of data	Jobs Fund Investment Committee meeting minutes and resolutions.
Method of calculation	A count of the projected number of approved beneficiaries expected to successfully complete training interventions provided by Jobs Fund projects by the end of their implementation cycle.
Data limitations	The data will be accurate to the extent that projects have adequately projected the quantum of anticipated beneficiaries that will successfully complete training interventions. These numbers can change (through IC approval) post approval and in the course of implementation on account of several factors, which may include: sector challenges that hinder performance, demand from employers, project terminations, withdrawals, lapsed approval offers, etc.
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Cumulative (project inception to date)
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	No
Desired performance	A higher performance against the targeted value is desirable.
Indicator responsibility	Head: Social Security and Jobs Fund Project Management Unit

Performance Indicator no 8.4.7	
Indicator title	Value of grant funding disbursed (cumulative across the term of project)
Short definition	Denotes the Rand-value of grant funding disbursed to contracted Jobs Fund projects.
Purpose/importance	The Jobs Fund operates on an advance disbursement principle in its dealings with its Partners on a quarterly basis.  Disbursements enable the projects to undertake their implementation plan activities, which are converted to outputs and these in turn are converted to the desired outcomes.  Tracking the flow of disbursement is important in ensuring that the Jobs Fund projects are on course to meet their quarterly and ultimately overall contracted results.
Source/collection of data	Jobs Fund Reporting Framework
Method of calculation	Simple count of the sum of all payments made to eligible Jobs Fund projects against their approved grant allocations.
Data limitations	The data will be accurate to the extent that the projects request disbursements as per their disbursement schedule however this may be impacted on by projects that have not accurately projected expenditure, external (environment and internal project challenges); change in project implementation model.
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Cumulative (project inception to date)
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Performance that is as close as possible to the targeted disbursement amount is desirable.
Indicator responsibility	Head: Social Security and Jobs Fund Project Management Unit

Performance Indicator no 8.4.8	
Indicator title	Number of Jobs Fund evaluation reports and dissemination of learning conducted
Short definition	Denotes the design, set up and management of monitoring and evaluation systems and processes that systematically collect, analyse and disseminate key information on the performance of portfolio projects during and post implementation.
Purpose/importance	One of the key Jobs Fund mandate objectives is the piloting of innovative and inclusive approaches to job creation. This indicator enables the Jobs Fund to systematically collect and decipher critical information on the effectiveness of different project models of change, and to better understand their delivery challenges and successes. This knowledge will assist future Jobs Fund decision making and could inform future government policy on job creation.
Source/collection of data	Project Implementation and Monitoring Plans (PIMPs), Site Visit Reports, Comparative Studies, Evaluation Reports.
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of Jobs Fund evaluation reports and dissemination of learning conducted
Data limitations	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Revised
Desired performance	Performance that is higher than the targeted number is desirable
Indicator responsibility	Head: Social Security and Jobs Fund Project Management Unit

Performance Indicator no 8.4.9	
Indicator title	Number of employment, income distribution and inclusive growth research papers completed
Short definition	REDI3x3 seeks to advance an integrated response to unemployment, inequality and poverty, building on a research framework developed through a partnership between the Department of Economics at the University of the Free State and the Southern Africa Labour and Development Research Unit at the University of Cape Town.
Purpose/importance	During 2012, the Minister of Finance called for evidence, analysis and advice on public policy and public finance reforms in support of accelerated employment creation, a more equitable distribution of income and inclusive growth, and approved the National Treasury supporting a multi-year collaborative research project on Employment, Income Distribution and Inclusive Growth (as part of its Employment Creation Facilitation sub-programme.
Source/collection of data	For each of the three focus areas (i. Employment; ii. Income Distribution; and iii. Inclusive Growth), the project has identified a number of research gaps. Members of the research community have been (and continue to be) invited to submit proposals which address these gaps.
Method of calculation	Simple count of the number of completed research papers and workshops
Data limitations	The number of research papers completed is dependent on the response from the research community, the number of proposals approved.
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	No
Desired performance	Performance that is higher than the targeted number is desirable
Indicator responsibility	Head: Social Security and Jobs Fund Project Management Unit

Strategic Objective 8.5 Improved infrastructure planning, management and skills development	
Performance Indicator no 8	.5
Indicator title	Number of capacity improvement initiatives in infrastructure planning, management and skills development done
Short definition	Initiatives to support the improvement of capability to efficiently plan, procure, deliver, and maintain infrastructure.  Initiatives to support the improvement of capability to efficiently plan, procure, deliver, and maintain infrastructure.  Initiatives offered by IDIP:  • Technical Assistants support to provincial departments and to institutionalise the Infrastructure Delivery Management System (IDMS);  • Formal training and workshops conducted on IDMS to government officials;  • Workshops conducted on Standards for Infrastructure Procurement and Delivery Management (SIPDM) to government officials;  • Training on Infrastructure Delivery Management Toolkit (IDMT); and  • Review and update of a Model (Infrastructure Progression Model) to assist provincial departments to improve capability and performance through the Improvement Plans.
Purpose/importance	Improved infrastructure planning, management and skills development
Source/collection of data	Improvement initiative's project charter or signed Technical Assistance Agreements. (where applicable)
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of project charters or Agreements (where applicable), delegates that attended
Data limitations	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Improved performance and value for money on infrastructure spending.
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial and Local Government Infrastructure

Performance Indicato	r 8.5.1
Indicator title	Percentage response to provincial and national requests to procure Professional Service Providers to assist with institutionalizing the IDMS
Short definition	Supporting the improvement of infrastructure planning, procurement, delivery, and maintenance capacity for purposes of efficient and effective infrastructure delivery and maintenance
Purpose/importance	Improved planning of infrastructure delivery and maintenance capacity is envisaged to contribute to improving the value for money on infrastructure spending as well as to optimize the allocation of financial resources directed to infrastructure delivery and maintenance
Source/collection of data	Professional Service Providers' signed contracts
Method of calculation	Number of requests from provincial and national departments responded to x100 Total number of requests received
Data limitation	None
Type of indicator	Output
Calculation type	Cumulative
Reporting cycle	Annually
New indicator	Yes
Desired performance	Ensure that all requests from provincial and national departments are responded to (100%)
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial and Local Government Infrastructure

Performance Indicator 8.5.2		
Indicator title	Number of officials trained on the infrastructure delivery management system initiatives (including IDMP, IDM toolkit, IPM)	
Short definition	IDM Toolkit training is facilitated through needs driven engagements on the IDMS in order to formally train and build a knowledge base of officials within the infrastructure delivery chain.	
Purpose/importance	To improve provincial government capacity to plan, procure, deliver, maintain, manage and report on infrastructure.  Ultimately this will contribute to improving the government's capability to deliver on infrastructure mandate.	
Source/collection of data	Attendance registers	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of delegates that attended	
Data limitations	Incomplete attendance registers	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annual	
New indicator	Revised	
Desired performance	Capacitated infrastructure units that can effectively and efficiently plan, procure, deliver, maintain, manage and report on infrastructure	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial and Local Government Infrastructure	

Performance Indicator 8.5.3		
Indicator title	Number of graduates in training for professional registration	
Short definition	The number of graduates in training as per the requirements of the respective statutory councils.  In training defined as_already enrolled for professionalization but not yet obtained professional registration.	
Purpose/importance	The indicator is meant to show gradual progression of graduates from registration (as candidates) right through to becoming registered professionals in their respective fields.	
Source/collection of data	Monthly and quarterly reports submitted by municipalities     Empirical information from reports and municipal visits	
Method of calculation	Simple count of graduates in training	
Data limitations	<ul> <li>Inconsistencies in the information reported by municipalities (which could be attributed to the high staff turnover)</li> <li>Some municipalities are not complying to the grant framework</li> </ul>	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annual	
New indicator	Revised	
Desired performance	Trained graduates that are able to qualify for professional registration and support improvements in the built environment	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial and Local Government Infrastructure	

Performance Indicator 8.5.4		
Indicator title	Number of capacity improvement initiatives undertaken to support infrastructure delivery	
Short definition	Initiatives to support the improvement of capability to efficiently plan, procure, deliver, and maintain infrastructure.  Initiatives to support the improvement of capability to efficiently plan, procure, deliver, and maintain infrastructure.  Initiatives offered by IDIP:	
Purpose/importance	Improve the capability to plan, procure, deliver, and maintain infrastructure to contribute to improved performance and value for money on infrastructure spending as well as to optimize the allocation of financial resources directed to infrastructure delivery and maintenance.	
Source/collection of data	Improvement initiative's project charter or signed Technical Assistance Agreements. (where applicable)	
Method of calculation	Simple count of number of project charters or Agreements (where applicable)	
Data limitations	None	
Type of indicator	Output	
Calculation type	Non-Cumulative	
Reporting cycle	Annually	
New indicator	Yes	
Desired performance	Improved performance and value for money on infrastructure spending.	
Indicator responsibility	Chief Director: Provincial and Local Government Infrastructure	